3rd

مراجعات كتاب المدرسة

Review [A]
Review [B]
Review [C]
Review [D]

2026

إهداء من فريق العمالقة

nezakr.net

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. She found the work rewarding because she could see the positive impact she was making. The synonym of the underlined word "rewarding" is .....
   a. hateful b. fulfilling c. satisfying d. wasteful e. unpleasant
2. Engineers are constantly working to improve the efficiency of solar panels. The synonym of the underlined word "efficiency" is .....
   a. productivity b. toughness c. electricity d. effectiveness e. ease
3. The museum featured a sophisticated security system to protect the priceless artworks. The synonym of the underlined word "sophisticated" is .....
   a. advanced b. complex c. simple d. humble e. tolerant
4. Planting trees in cities can help mitigate the effects of air pollution. The synonyms of the underlined word "mitigate" is .....
   a. finish b. invest c. lessen d. endanger e. reduce
5. "She preferred handmade tools over an automated system. "The word "automated" here is an antonym of .....
   a. manual b. mechanical c. hand operated d. robotic e. digital

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. The school year always ..... with an opening ceremony.
   a. kicks at b. kicks off c. collapses d. clutches
7. Nurses usually work in an 8-hour .....
   a. buzz b. shift c. scope d. household
8. The atmosphere in the office had a positive ..... after the big announcement.
   a. equity b. urgency c. chaos d. buzz
9. Paramedics are trained to ..... first aid quickly.
   a. administer b. moan c. collapse d. migrate
10. Pay close ..... to the teacher's instructions.
    a. migration b. lever c. attention d. urgency
11. The hospital received many patients after the .....
    a. emergency b. version c. chores d. dynasty
12. The ..... of the accident was taken to the ER.
    a. diver b. victim c. paramedic d. phenomenon
13. The fire caused complete ..... in the market.
    a. scope b. equity c. migration d. chaos
14. Seeing children suffer is truly .....
    a. sophisticated b. sustainable c. automated d. heartbreaking
15. The old bridge might ..... if we don't repair it.
    a. collapse b. groan c. migrate d. shift
16. If someone stops breathing, you might need to perform .....
    a. CPR b. chores c. equity d. urgency
17. She lost ..... during the surgery but regained it later.
    a. phenomenon b. infrastructure c. consciousness d. automation
18. She broke her ..... while skiing.
    a. collarbone b. lever c. household d. artifact

19. **The child ..... her mother's hand tightly while crossing the road.**
a. migrated **b.** kicked off **c.** grabbed **d.** administered
20. **The new project's ..... is to help rural farmers.**
a. scope **b.** lever **c.** equity **d.** buzz
21. **The Ming ..... ruled China for centuries.**
a. dynasty **b.** equity **c.** infrastructure **d.** migration
22. **Workers used a ..... to lift the heavy stone.**
a. lever **b.** stitch **c.** collarbone **d.** phenomenon
23. **Roads and bridges are part of a country's .....**
a. chaos **b.** consciousness **c.** infrastructure **d.** equity

B Language

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

24. **He said he ..... call me the next day.**
a. will **b.** would **c.** can **d.** may
25. **She told me ..... the door.**
a. close **b.** to close **c.** closing **d.** closed
26. **The teacher asked US ..... quiet.**
a. to be **b.** be **c.** being **d.** is
27. **He must be the new teacher. The modal "must" shows .....**
a. obligation **b.** strong deduction **c.** permission **d.** advice
28. **That ..... be his bag — it's too small.**
a. could **b.** must **c.** can't **d.** shouldn't
29. **She might be at the library. Here "might" expresses .....**
a. possibility **b.** certainty **c.** permission **d.** obligation
30. **This machine ..... the clothes automatically.**
a. washes **b.** is washing **c.** washed **d.** wash
31. **The project ..... by engineers at the moment.**
a. is being designed **b.** designs **c.** was designed **d.** design
32. **He ..... he could swim fast.**
a. ordered **b.** asked **c.** told **d.** said
33. **He told me ..... that button.**
a. not touch **b.** not to touch **c.** to not touch **d.** no touching
34. **They said they ..... going to the park.**
a. are **b.** were **c.** will **d.** would
35. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. He told me that he will comes tomorrow.
b. He told me that he would come the next day.
c. He told me that he is coming the next day.
d. He told me that he has come the next day.
36. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. He said to not to be late. **b.** He said to not be late.
c. He told to not be late **d.** He told me not to be late.
37. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. They asked US do the project. **b.** They asked US to doing the project.
c. they asked US to do the project **d.** They asked US did the project.

38. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. She might be know the answer. **b.** She might knows the answer.
c. She might know the answer **d.** She might to know the answer.

39. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. He asked me to help him. **b.** He asked me to helping him.
c. He asked me if I can helped him **d.** He asked me help him.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. "I am studying English now," she said. (She said...)
2. "We live in Cairo," they told me. (They told me..)
3. "I will call you tomorrow," he promised. [He promised...)
4. "Don't be late," my mother told me. (My mother told me...)
5. "We can finish this project today," they said. (They said...)
6. "I'm certain he isn't at school, (can't)
7. Maybe it is raining in London, (might)
8. I'm sure this is the right bus. (must)
9. I'm certain they are not serious, (can't)
10. Perhaps he is reading in his room, (could)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1. Machines increase efficiency and accuracy in tasks, reducing human effort and error during industrial processes and daily life activities.

أ- تعمل الماكينات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يزيد من الجهد البشرى وعدم الخطأ أثناء الصناعات والحياة اليومية
ب- تعمل الآلات على تقليل الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يقلل من الجهد البشرى أو الخطأ أثناء تحويل الصناعات والحياة النشيطة اليومية
ج- تعمل الآلات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يقلل من الجهد البشرى والخطأ أثناء العمليات الصناعية وأنشطة الحياة اليومية
د- تعمل الماكينات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يزيد الجهد البشرى والخطأ أثناء نقل الصناعات والحياة اليومية

2. Modern devices are essential because they streamline communication, provide instant access to information, and automate complex tasks, significantly enhancing productivity and quality of life.

أ- تعتبر الأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على تعقيد الاتصالات وتوفير الوصول المؤقت إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعزز الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
ب- تعتبر الأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على سهولة الاتصالات وتوفير الوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعزز الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
ج- تعتبرا لأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على تسهيل الاتصالات وعدم توفيرا لوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام البسيطة، مما يعوق الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
د- تعتبرا لأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على سهولة الاتصالات وتوفيرا لوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعوق الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. بإمكاننا حماية مستقبلنا من خلال تبنى الممارسات المستدامة، والحد من التلوث، والحفاظ على الموارد الطبيعية، واتخاذ إجراءات ضد تغير المناخ.

a. We can prevent our future from embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving normal resources, and taking action against climate change.

b. We can protect our future by embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving natural resources, and taking action against climate change.

c. We can protect our future by bracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving natural sources, and taking action against climate charge.

d. We can protect our future by embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, preserving natural sources, and taking action for climate change.

٤. تلعب الممرضات دوراً حيوياً فى رعاية المرضى من خلال مراقبة الصحة، وإعطاء الأدوية، وتقديم الدعم المعنوى، والتعاون مع الأطباء لضمان العلاج الآمن والفعال

a. Nurse plays a vital role in patients care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and affective treatment.

b. Nurses play a vital role in patience care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and effective treatment.

c. Nurses play a vital role in patient care by monitoring health, demonstrating medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to sure safe and effective treatment.

d. Nurses play a vital role in patients care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and effective treatment.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

"A friend in need is a friend indeed" Has that proverb been proven to you? Has any of your close friends ever supported you at times of sorrow, distress or times of joy? That has become a needle in a haystack at these times of struggling and climbing on the shoulders of others.

At the very beginning of their life, a child makes friends with a lot of peers who may be a mixture of good and evil. They, due to their young age, can't perfectly judge or decide who to continue keeping or losing friendship with. By the time they become older, the number of friends decreases to a number that may not exceed the number of one hand fingers. It all depends on to what extent they are faithful, selfless and honest to each other.

Friendship that al! mankind always searches for, as it's mainly a human instinct and man is social by nature, has become a rare value. Friends can help you celebrate good times and provide support for you in bad ones. They prevent isolation and loneliness and increase your sense of belonging. The so-called friends on social media only limit themselves in comments or emojis to congratulate and condole instead of hastening to stand right next to you unless they have tough conditions. You'd better carefully choose your friends.

Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d:

1. **In the writer's point of view, true friends have become .....**
   a. widely spread **b.** available **c.** common **d.** rare
2. **"Close" in the first paragraph has the same meaning as .....**
   a. locked **b.** best **c.** hateful **d.** selfish
3. **The expression "Climbing on the shoulders of others" describes .....**
   a. true friends **b.** selfish friends
   c. all friends on social media **d.** all friends on real life
4. **The word "decrease" in the second paragraph is an antonym of .....**
   a. decline **b.** shrink **c.** go down **d.** expand

5. **Man always needs friends because .....**
   a. they need to joke others **b.** they have much free time
   c. this is how they were created **d.** they are greedy by nature
6. **"Emojis" are .....**
   a. games and entertainments **b.** tools and equipment
   c. electronic devices **d.** figures and symbols
7. **Friendship helps prevent US from the feelings of .....**
   a. loneliness and isolation **b.** relief and relaxing
   c. fear and horror **d.** joy and excitement
8. **The writer advises us to .....**
   a. carefully select our friends **b.** text our friends at times of sorrow
   c. correctly socialise online **d.** reduce the number of friends

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **A blog post is usually written in .....**
   a. formal, academic style **b.** casual, personal style
   c. legal style **d.** poetic style
2. **An argumentative essay should .....**
   a. present both sides of an issue and support one
   b. tell a personal story
   c. be completely one-sided without evidence
   d. list daily activities
3. **A persuasive essay's main goal is to .....**
   a. inform **b.** entertain **c.** convince **d.** summarize
4. **Blog posts often include .....**
   a. charts and data tables only **b.** personal opinions and experiences
   c. only references and citations **d.** none of the above
5. **In an argumentative essay, evidence can include .....**
   a. facts, statistics, and expert opinions **b.** only personal opinions
   c. random examples **d.** unrelated stories
6. **Which of these is a good blog title?**
   a. "Analysis of Thermal Migration in Birds" **b.** "Why My Morning Coffee is Sacred"
   c. "The Effects of Lever Mechanics" **d.** "A Study on Urban Infrastructure"
7. **A persuasive essay is different from an argumentative essay because it .....**
   a. focuses more on emotional appeal **b.** uses no evidence
   c. avoids taking a stance **d.** is always shorter
8. **The introduction of an essay should .....**
   a. immediately give all details **b.** present the topic and thesis statement
   c. start with unrelated jokes **d.** list references
9. **Blog posts may include hyperlinks to .....**
   a. sources and related content **b.** poems
   c. advertisements only **d.** random websites
10. **In a persuasive essay, the conclusion should .....**
    a. restate the thesis and encourage action **b.** introduce new evidence
    c. start a new argument **d.** list unrelated facts

11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    - **a.** Its going to be a long day.
    - **b.** Its going to be a long day!
    - **c.** It's going to be a long day
    - **d.** It's going to be a long day?
12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    - **a.** However, we decided to leave early,
    - **b.** However we decided to leave early.
    - **c.** However we, decided to leave early,
    - **d.** However! we decided to leave early.
13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    - **a.** She spent her summer in New York, New York - Los Angeles, California - and Miami, Florida.
    - **b.** She spent her summer in New York, New York; Los Angeles, California; and Miami, Florida.
    - **c.** She spent her summer in New York, New York: Los Angeles, California: and Miami, Florida.
    - **d.** She spent her summer in New York, New York, Los Angeles, California, and Miami, Florida.
14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    - **a.** I love cooking my family and my pets.
    - **b.** I love cooking, my family, and my pets.
    - **c.** I love cooking, my family and my pets.
    - **d.** I love cooking my family, and my pets.
15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    - **a.** Don't forget to bring your notebook, laptop, and charger.
    - **b.** Don't forget to bring your notebook, laptop and, charger.
    - **c.** Don't forget to bring your notebook laptop and charger.
    - **d.** Don't forget, to bring your notebook, laptop, and charger.

2) Write on one of the following:

- **a.** A persuasive essay about "Wearing a School Uniform at High Schools."
- **b.** A blog post about "What We Can Learn from Animals About Adapting to Change."

3) Write a paragraph of Six lines on the following:

- **a.** An introduction for an argumentative essay that claims "Social media does more harm than good for teenagers' mental health."
- **b.** Write an engaging introductory paragraph for a blog post titled: "Why Taking Mental Health Days Should Be Normalized at Work."

F The Novel

Answer the following questions:

1. **In what ways does Edmond's return to Marseilles mark the beginning of both promising opportunities and serious threats in his life?**
2. **What plans did Edmond and Mercedes have for their life together before everything changed?**
3. **Why did Villefort destroy the letter?**

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Her face looked pale after hearing the shocking news, as if all the color had drained away. The antonym of the underlined word "pale" is .....
   a. strong b. bright c. weak d. faded e. soft
2. The child was fragile about the strange noise and slowly opened the door to investigate. The synonym of the underlined word "fragile" is .....
   a. frail b. obvious c. delicate d. cowardly e. silly
3. The new hospital is still under construction, with cranes and workers visible every day. The antonym of the underlined word "construction" is .....
   a. destruction b. demolishing c. structure d. building e. process
4. The job was so repetitive that he performed the same task hundreds of times each day. The antonym of the underlined word "repetitive" is .....
   a. boring b. varied c. monotonous d. frequent e. different
5. She wasn't trying to be rude—she was simply ignorant of the local customs. The synonym of the underlined word "ignorant" is .....
   a. known b. respected c. informed d. unaware e. unfamiliar

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. The view from the mountain was so ..... that everyone stopped to take photos.
   a. mortifying b. innovation c. repetitive d. breathtaking
7. Cairo is known for its ..... nightlife, with music and dancing everywhere.
   a. weeknight b. vibrant c. workshops d. dedicated
8. Our city is very ..... with people from many cultures living together.
   a. diverse b. curious c. thrive d. disaster
9. Be careful with that glass vase; it's .....
   a. workshops b. capture c. fragile d. magic
10. Before the exam, students should ..... revision to prepare well.
    a. sing b. jump c. do d. walk97
11. The painting was full of ..... colors that caught my eye.
    a. figuratively b. vivid c. magnificent d. entertainment
12. Don't ..... her abilities; she is very talented.
    a. struggle b. flexibility c. clumsiness d. underestimate
13. Coastal ..... is destroying the beaches year by year.
    a. flexibility b. overestimate c. overrate d. erosion
14. Plants will ..... if they get enough sunlight and water.
    a. struggle b. collaborate c. shake d. thrive
15. The melody was so ..... that it stayed in my mind for days.
    a. vibrant b. haunting c. curious d. capture
16. They had to ..... to carry the heavy box up the stairs.
    a. declare b. fragile c. struggle d. agitate
17. The loud noise will ..... the meeting.
    a. entangle b. ease c. distribute d. disrupt

18. She is ..... to helping the poor in her community.
a. dedicated b. repetitive c. vivid d. breathtaking
19. An ultrasound is a ..... medical test.
a. cruelly b. non-invasive c. tragically d. weeknight
20. Please pass me the ..... for my fries.
a. stakeholder b. haunting c. saltshaker d. captivity
21. Let's ..... at the new mall shop after class.
a. hang up b. hang out c. ensure d. happen
22. The movie's special effects were .....
a. mind-blowing b. whispering c. disrupting d. overwhelming
23. He explained the joke ..... , word for word.
a. literally b. fragilely c. vividly d. figuratively
24. The word "mortifying" means .....
a. exciting b. embarrassing c. relaxing d. surprising
25. The opposite of "boring" is .....
a. lively b. dull c. quiet d. still
26. The synonym for "mistake" is .....
a. success b. plan c. error d. idea
27. The idiom "hit the town" means .....
a. visit a small village b. go out and enjoy in the city
c. hit something physically d. work late
28. Hossam went to the hospital to ..... his uncle after the surgery.
a. check on b. invest in c. wait in d. lookup
29. The word "glamorous" means .....
a. unattractive and boring b. dark and scary
c. casual and plain d. stylish and exciting

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

30. The journey took ten hours. It was a ..... journey.
a. ten-hours b. ten-hour c. ten-hours-long d. ten-hour-long
31. Compound adjectives are often joined by a ..... when they appear before the noun they modify.
a. comma b. hyphen c. space d. dash
32. He is a scientist who is known all over the world. He is a ..... scientist
a. world-known b. known-world c. famous-world d. wide-famous
33. My grandmother is nearly seventy years old. My grandmother still loves hiking.
a. seventy-year-old b. seventy-years-old c. seventy-year-olds d. seventy-years-olds
34. I took a photo of a turtle that moves slowly. I took a photo of a ..... turtle.
a. slowly-moving b. slow-moving c. move-slowly d. slow-move
35. Which sentence is structurally correct:
a. The movie was very bored. b. The movie was very boring.
c. The movie was very bore d. The movie was very boringly.
36. Which sentence is structurally correct .....
a. The student were very tiring. b. The student was very tired.
c. The student was very tire d. The student were very tiredly.

37. **Today, many companies ..... repetitive tasks done by machines.**
a. make **b.** do **c.** have **d.** allow

38. **Employers now have staff ..... skills like communication and critical thinking. Which option shows the correct form of the underlined verb after have?**
a. develop **b.** developing **c.** developed **d.** to develop

39. **Governments and schools often.....training programs developed to support workers.**
a. let **b.** make **c.** have **d.** allow

40. **A technician is installing their internet. They are .....**
a. getting their internet installed **b.** having their internet installing
c. getting a technician installing their internet **d.** have their internet installed

41. **A tailor will make her dress. She will .....**
a. get a tailor make her a dress **b.** get her dress made
c. have her dress making **d.** have a tailor making her a dress

42. **A dentist checked his teeth. He .....**
a. got his teeth checked **b.** had his teeth checked
c. had a dentist check his teeth **d.** all of these

43. **A friend is designing our website. We are .....**
a. having our website designed **b.** getting our website designing
c. having a friend designing our website **d.** get our website designed

44. **He asked me where ..... to eat.**
a. I want **b.** did I want **c.** I wanted **d.** do you want

45. **She asked ..... to go hiking.**
a. if I want **b.** if I wanted **c.** if do you want **d.** do you want

46. **They asked if ..... meet earlier.**
a. they can **b.** could we **c.** we can **d.** they could

47. **She asked me why ..... to the party.**
a. I haven't come **b.** I didn't come **c.** I hadn't come **d.** didn't come

48. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He admitted to break my favorite mug.
b. He admitted that breaking my favorite mug.
c. He admitted breaking my favorite mug.
d. He admitted to have broken my favorite mug.

49. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. She suggested going bowling. **b.** She suggested to go bowling.
c. She suggested that we going bowling **d.** She suggested US to go bowling.

50. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He is a eight-year-old boy. **b.** He is an eight-years-old boy.
c. He is an eight-year-old boy **d.** He is a eight year old boy.

51. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. We stayed in a five-star hotel. **b.** We stayed in a five stars hotel.
c. We stayed in a five-stars hotel **d.** We stayed in a five star hotel.

52. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He is a self made man. **b.** He is a self-made man.
c. He is a self-making man **d.** He is a self-make man.

53. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. I had my car clean yesterday. **b.** I had my car cleaning yesterday.
c. I had cleaned my car yesterday **d.** I had my car cleaned yesterday.

54. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. I will have my teeth check tomorrow. **b.** I will have checked my teeth tomorrow.
c. I will have the dentist check my teeth tomorrow.
d. I will have the dentist to check my teeth tomorrow.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. He drives a car with four doors. (four-door)
2. This is a machine that saves time. (time-saving)
3. She wore shoes with high heels. (high-heeled)
4. He is a person who thinks only about himself. (self-centered)
5. He is a boy with curly hair. (curly-haired)
6. A hairdresser cut my hair this morning. (I got…)
7. Someone fixed their computer. (They had…)
8. Someone washed my car yesterday. (I got…)
9. A mechanic changed the tires. (I had…)
10. A cleaner cleaned the office. (We got…)
11. "Are you coming to the party?" he asked. (He asked…)
12. "Where do you live?" the teacher asked me. (The teacher asked…)
13. "Do you like Italian food?" she asked. (She asked…)
14. "Did you watch the match yesterday?" he asked. (He asked…)
15. "What are you doing now?" she asked me. (She asked…)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1. Coral reefs, often called "colorful underwater cities," are a breathtaking, vibrant world teeming with thousands of diverse marine species.

أ- الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن المائية الملونة»،عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بملايين الأنواع البرية المتنوعة
ب- الشعاب الجبلية، التى تعرف غالبا اسم «المد ن الدفينة الملونة»،عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البحرية المتنوعة
ج- الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن المائية الملونة»، عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البحرية المتنوعة
د- الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن الدفينة الملونة»، عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البرية المتنوعة.

2. Entertainment offers a wide range of benefits, from helping US relax and de-stress to fostering creativity and social connection.

أ- يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من العوائق، بدءا من منعنا من الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى
ب- يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من الفوائد، بدءا من مساعدتنا على ا لاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى
ج- يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من العراقيل، بدءا من مساعدتنا على الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والانفصال الاجتماعى
د- يوفرا لترفيه مجموعة واسعة من الفوائد، بدءا من مساعدتنا على الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تقويض الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. مع تطور الوظائف، يجب على العاملين الراغبين فى البقاء فى الطليعة تبنى التعلم المستمر وتطوير عقلية النمو، حيث أصبح الإلمام الرقمى والمرونة أمرا بالغ الأهمية للتكيف مع الأدوات والأدوار الجديدة

a. As jobs revolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must exclude continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

b. As jobs evolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continual learning and develop a grow mindset.

c. As jobs revolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

d. As jobs evolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

As exams come to an end, students eagerly wait for fun summer camps to relax and enjoy their break. These camps, lasting four to five weeks, offer enjoyable activities like painting, origami, music, crafts, cooking, spoken English, and computer classes. They also keep children active with sports like yoga, cricket, tennis, and swimming.

Parents today want their children to learn while having fun. Unlike in the past, playtime is now seen as a way to develop skills. Summer camps provide the perfect opportunity for kids to explore their interests and talents. Creative activities like art and crafts boost a child's imagination and give them a sense of pride when they show their work to their parents.

These camps help build confidence and independence in children. They are especially helpful for energetic or restless kids, as they direct their energy into positive activities. Camps also improve teamwork and understanding between teachers and students, creating a supportive environment. Overall, summer camps prepare children for a brighter, more confident future.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **According to the passage, the main purpose of summer camps is to .....**
   a. replace school education **b.** provide fun and learning opportunities
   c. keep children busy all day **d.** prepare children for exams
2. **Students eagerly wait for fun summer camps to relax and ..... their break.**
   a. extend **b.** maximize **c.** enjoy **d.** shorten
3. **..... is NOT mentioned as part of summer camps.**
   a. Swimming **b.** Dancing **c.** Origami **d.** Spoken English
4. **Summer camps are especially helpful for ..... and restless kids.**
   a. lazy **b.** energetic **c.** shy **d.** sick
5. **Parents prefer summer camps today compared to the past because .....**
   a. they are cheaper
   b. they combine play with skill development
   c. they focus only on sports
   d. schools force parents to send their children
6. **Children feel ..... when they show their handmade creations to their parents.**
   a. afraid **b.** bored **c.** proud **d.** disappointed
7. **Summer camps promote ..... among children and teachers.**
   a. competition **b.** strict discipline
   c. isolation **d.** mutual understanding
8. **The camps also help improve teamwork and understanding between teachers and students, creating a ..... environment.**
   a. safe and secure **b.** nurturing **c.** cooperative **d.** supportive

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **When writing a review, phrases like "I really enjoyed..." or "The best thing about" are used for .....**
   a. giving a negative opinion **b.** giving a balanced opinion
   c. stating a positive opinion **d.** making a recommendation
2. **The phrase "I wouldn't recommend it to..." is used for .....**
   a. stating a positive opinion **b.** highlighting a positive point
   c. making a recommendation **d.** giving a negative opinion
3. **An idiom is a group of words whose meaning is .....**
   a. the same as the individual words **b.** different from the individual words
   c. always literal **d.** always used in formal writing
4. **A well-written online review should include both positive and negative points to be .....**
   a. balanced **b.** biased **c.** short **d.** easy to read
5. **When writing a story, the beginning should focus on .....**
   a. the climax **b.** setting the scene **c.** the resolution **d.** the ending
6. **Which phrase is a good way to start a sentence when giving a positive opinion in a review?**
   a. "Although it was interesting, I thought..." **b.** "the best thing about... was..."
   c. "It was a bit disappointing because..." **d.** "I wouldn't recommend it to..."
7. **The resolution of a story is the part where the main .....**
   a. problem is introduced **b.** conflict is at its peak
   c. character is introduced **d.** problem is solved
8. **Which of the following is an example of an idiom?**
   a. "a brilliant idea" **b.** "a stitch in time saves nine"
   c. "a very beautiful sunset" **d.** "a strong wind"
9. **What the main purpose of the beginning of a story is to .....**
   a. surprise the reader with a twist **b.** describe how the problem is solved
   c. explain what the character learned
   d. introduce characters, setting, and the initial situation

2) Write about (180–200 words) on one of the following:

a. A narrative essay about "An adventure with friends."
b. Review your favorite book or novel.

3) Write a paragraph of six lines on the following:

a. A body paragraph evaluating the acting in a movie you recently watched.
b. A hopeful ending to a story about overcoming a challenge.

F The Novel

Answer the following questions:

1. **"Knowledge is power." Do you agree with this idea? Explain with an example.**
2. **How does Abbé Faria's choice to teach and share his knowledge reveal his personality and values?**

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Many slaves tried to escape from captivity using secret tunnels. The synonym of the underlined word "escape" is .....
   a. navigate b. flee c. run away d. feed e. stick
2. Trade routes often formed at the confluence of two major rivers. The synonym of the underlined word "confluence" is .....
   a. boundary b. complex c. meeting d. gate e. junction
3. Air is invisible, but we still feel its pressure around us. The antonym of the underlined word "invisible" is .....
   a. unseen b. seen c. visible d. usual e. compressed
4. Farmers preferred land with rich and fertile soil. The antonym of the underlined word "fertile" is .....
   a. organic b. good c. barren d. poor e. high

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

5. The Amazon rainforest is considered the "lungs of the Earth" because of its ..... location.
   a. strategic b. invisible c. mysterious d. luxurious
6. A passport is a ..... to enter new countries.
   a. trapdoor b. gateway c. shadow d. restriction
7. To board an international flight, you must show your ..... at the airport.
   a. terminal b. boarding pass c. departure lounge d. gate
8. Travelers with money often choose to fly in ..... enjoying better seats and food.
   a. mystery b. luxury c. gateway d. foundation
9. Egypt is located ..... between Africa and Asia.
   a. strategically b. invisibly c. mysteriously d. cosmically
10. Too many ..... on innovation can harm good work.
    a. bustles b. foundations c. curiosities d. restrictions
11. Some people feel ..... in big crowds, while others enjoy the activity.
    a. stuck b. curious c. fertile d. compressed
12. The city square is always full of noise and ..... .
    a. bustle b. boundary c. scholar d. theory
13. The Pyramids of Giza stand as a ..... of human engineering skill.
    a. soil b. luxury c. foundation d. monument
14. Water and rich ..... are essential for successful farming.
    a. horizons b. shadows c. soil d. dimensions
15. The professor's ..... attracted students from around the world.
    a. reputation b. horizons c. escape d. boundary
16. Ancient ..... built stone monuments to watch the stars and planets.
    a. astronomers b. scribes c. soldiers d. directors
17. Discovering new worlds has always been part of human .....
    a. mystery b. curiosity c. dimension d. luxury

18. Ancient civilizations built canals for ..... bringing water to their crops.
a. curiosity b. mystery c. education d. irrigation
19. Italy is a ..... surrounded by the sea on three sides.
a. dimension b. peninsula c. foundation d. gateway
20. In Mesopotamia, ... recorded information on clay tablets.
a. scribes b. astronomers c. scholars d. travelers
21. The tall, temple-like structures called ..... were built in ancient Mesopotamia.
a. gateways b. ziggurats c. horizons d. bustles
22. A ..... is a person who studies deeply in a particular field of knowledge.
a. bustler b. scholar c. shadow d. luxury
23. The architect gave the exact ..... of the new bridge before construction began.
a. dimensions b. horizons c. innovations d. restrictions
24. The gas in the bottle was ..... under high pressure.
a. compressed b. escaped c. irrigated d. constructed

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

25. By the time we arrived, the train .....
a. had left b. left c. has left d. was leaving
26. She was tired because she ..... all night.
a. worked b. has worked c. had been working d. works
27. They ..... the movie before we joined them at the cinema.
a. had seen b. saw c. have seen d. were seeing
28. When I called, he ..... for two hours.
a. had been studying b. studied c. has studied d. studies
29. After he ..... his homework, he went out with friends.
a. had finished b. has finished c. finishes d. was finishing
30. She looked exhausted because she ..... for hours.
a. has run b. running c. had been running d. runs
31. A new product ..... by the company every year.
a. launching b. launches c. is launched d. launch
32. The police ..... the thief last night.
a. was caught b. had caught c. caught d. is caught
33. The bridge ..... in 2010.
a. built b. was built c. has built d. builds
34. The results ..... tomorrow.
a. will be announced b. announced c. are announcing d. announce
35. She enjoys ..... to music in her free time.
a. listen b. listening c. to listen d. listened
36. He decided ..... abroad for further studies.
a. going b. go c. to go d. gone
37. They suggested ..... a new restaurant downtown.
a. try b. trying c. to try d. tried
38. He can't stand ..... in long queues.
a. wait b. waiting c. to wait d. waited
39. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
a. She avoided being late by leaving early. b. She avoided to be late by leaving early.
c. She avoided was late by leaving early. d. She avoided be late by leaving early.

40. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
   a. They agreed finishing the project by Friday.
   b. They agreed to finish the project by Friday.
   c. They agreed finished the project by Friday.
   d. They agreed finish the project by Friday.
41. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
   a. A new bridge are being built. **b.** A new bridge is being build.
   c. A new bridge is being built. **d.** A new bridge being built.
42. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
   a. Someone stole my bag yesterday. **b.** Someone has stolen my bag yesterday.
   c. Someone was stolen my bag yesterday. **d.** Someone is stolen my bag yesterday.
43. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
   a. We were late. The meeting starts when we entered the hall.
   b. We were late. The meeting starting when we entered the hall.
   c. We were late. The meeting has started when we entered the hall.
   d. We were late. The meeting had started when we entered the hall.
44. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
   a. He had been studying English for three years before he moved to London.
   b. He was studying English for three years before he moved to London.
   c. He is studied English for three years before he moved to London.
   d. He has studied English for three years before he moved to London.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning.

1. She finished her homework and then went to bed. (after)
2. She went to the airport after she had packed her bags. (before)
3. By the time I got to the station, the train had left. (No sooner)
4. He left the office after meeting the boss. (until)
5. They are repairing my car right now. (being)
6. "I didn't steal the money", he said. (He denied)
7. The teacher corrected our tests yesterday. (by)
8. They will announce the results tomorrow. (be)
9. Someone has stolen my wallet. (been)
10. People speak English all over the world. (spoken)
11. She said she would help me. (promised)
12. He said it was his mistake. (admitted)
13. We think it's a good idea to go out tonight. (suggested)
14. I want to buy a new computer. (decided)
15. He doesn't like waiting in long lines. (can't stand)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d.

1. Vitamins found in protective foods are very essential for good health. Their absence causes serious diseases.

أ- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الوقائية مهمة جدا للصحة الجيدة. إن غيابها يتسبب في حدوث أمراض خطيرة.
ب- إن الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الواقية مهمة لصحة جيدة. إن غيابها أمراض خطيرة.
ج- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الحامية للصحة ضرورية جدا. إن غيابها يؤدي إلي حدوث أمراض خطيرة.
د- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الواقية مهمة لصحة جيدة. إن غيابها قد يتسبب في حدوث أمراض خطيرة.

2. To be employable, each young man or young woman must put in mind that digital skills and foreign languages are of top importance in the labor market.

أ- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

ب- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

ج- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

د- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

3. People often celebrate various festivals for national, historical, religious, cultural, social and personal occasions.

أ- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

ب- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية .

ج- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

د- كثيرا ما يحتفل الناس باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٤. يجب علينا احترام المسنين لكبار أعمارهم، واتباع نصائحهم، فخبراتهم في الحياة كنز لا يقدر بثمن.

a. We all must respect the elderly and follow their advice. Their experiences in life are a priceless treasure.

b. We all must respect elders and follow their advice. Their experiences in life are a valueless treasure.

c. We all must respect elders and follow their advise. Their experiences in life are an unavailable treasure.

d. We all must respect elders and follow there advise. Their experiences in life are an invaluable treasure.

٥. إن قوة الجاذبية الهائلة للثقب الأسود عظيمة للغاية لدرجة أنه لا يمكن لأي شيء، حتي الضوء، أن يهرب بمجرد عبوره أفق الحدث.

a. A black hole's gravitational pull is so immense that nothing, not even night, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

b. A black hall's gravitational pull is so impressive that nothing, not ever night, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

c. A black hole's gravitational pull is so depressive that nothing, not even right, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

d. A black holes' gravitational pull is so immense that nothing, not even light, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

The old clock on the mantelpiece ticked slowly, its rhythm echoing in the silent study.

Detective Elias Thorne stood over Alistair Finch, the reclusive antiquarian slain by a single gunshot—locked inside his own room, windows bolted, door locked from within. In the victim's clenched hand was an ornate key that didn't match any lock.

A diary lay open on the desk: "The Key of Shadows. A replica—but the secret is in the inscription. I fear my time is running out." Thorne turned the key. Faint runic script glowed in the fading light: "The last light fades."

He scanned the room. No hidden passages. No escape. Then—he noticed the clock.

With a magnifying glass, he pried open its mechanism and found a tiny silver disc with a pinhole. He held the key up to the setting sun. A beam pierced the disc, casting a pinpoint of light onto the wall—right where a shadow fell across a bookshelf.

Thorne moved the shelf. Behind it: a hidden safe. The key fit.

Inside, a final note: "He will come for this. The only way to stop him is to make it disappear."

It wasn't murder. It was suicide.

Alistair had engineered a flawless riddle—a clock, a key, and sunlight as the trigger—to conceal a dangerous secret. Knowing enemies were closing in, he chose death over capture. The locked room? A theatrical seal. The gunshot? His final act of protection. The key wasn't meant to unlock a door—it was meant to be found, by the right mind, at the right hour.

The mystery wasn't how he died—but why he made it look like a crime.

Thorne closed the safe. Some secrets weren't meant to be kept… just buried.

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1. **The story takes place mainly in Alistair Finch's .....**
   a. library **b.** study **c.** bedroom **d.** office
2. **The ornate key in Alistair's hand did not match any .....**
   a. safe **b.** inscription **c.** clock **d.** lock
3. **Alistair Finch was found .....**
   a. asleep in his chair **b.** hiding in a safe
   c. dead from a gunshot **d.** escaping through a window
4. **The diary entry mentioned "The Key of Shadows" and warned that .....**
   a. the clock would stop **b.** time was running out
   c. enemies were defeated **d.** a treasure was hidden
5. **The key revealed its secret when Thorne held it up to the .....**
   a. lamp light **b.** moonlight **c.** setting sun **d.** silver disc
6. **According to the final note, Alistair wanted the secret to .....**
   a. disappear **b.** remain safe in the clock
   c. be sold **d.** be passed to his enemies
7. **The locked door and gunshot were part of Alistair's .....**
   a. hobby as a collector **b.** plan to confuse enemies
   c. experiment with time **d.** search for treasure
8. **The story suggests that the real mystery was not how Alistair died, but .....**
   a. who killed him **b.** why he staged the crime
   c. where the treasure was **d.** what happened to the clock

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **An expository essay usually begins with an ..... that presents the topic clearly.**
   a. ending **b.** introduction **c.** dialogue **d.** description
2. **The ..... of an expository essay provide facts, examples, and explanations.**
   a. body paragraphs **b.** mystery clues **c.** character sketches **d.** conclusions
3. **The ..... of an expository essay restates the thesis and summarizes the main points.**
   a. setting **b.** introduction **c.** conclusion **d.** mystery twist
4. **A descriptive essay focuses on creating a clear ..... using sensory details.**
   a. thesis **b.** picture **c.** argument **d.** plot twist

5. **In a descriptive essay, writers often use the senses of sight, sound, smell, taste, and.....**
   a. touch **b.** introduction **c.** conclusion **d.** decision
6. **The structure of a descriptive essay can follow a logical order, such as moving from general impressions to ..... details.**
   a. random **b.** specific **c.** mystery **d.** concluding
7. **A mystery story often begins with an introduction that sets the .....**
   a. conclusion **b.** scene **c.** essay thesis **d.** evidence
8. **The middle of a mystery story usually introduces ..... that the reader must piece together.**
   a. words **b.** facts **c.** arguments **d.** clues
9. **A good mystery story builds ..... by keeping readers guessing.**
   a. suspense **b.** introduction **c.** thesis **d.** summary
10. **At the end of a mystery story, there is often a surprising ..... that explains the case.**
    a. argument **b.** setting **c.** introduction **d.** twist
11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. It's raining, we should stay inside. **b.** Its raining; we should stay inside.
    c. It's raining; we should stay inside. **d.** It's raining we should stay inside.
12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. "I can't wait to go," she said. **b.** "I can't wait to go," she said.
    c. I can't wait to go she said. **d.** I can't wait to go," she said.
13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. The meeting is scheduled for Monday, September 14, at 9:00 a.m.
    b. The meeting is scheduled for, Monday September 14 at 9:00 a.m.
    c. The meeting is scheduled for Monday September, 14 at 9:00 a.m.
    d. The meeting is scheduled, for Monday, September 14, at 9:00 a.m.
14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. I wanted to go to the park, but it started raining.
    b. I wanted to go to the park but, it started raining.
    c. I wanted to go to the park but it started, raining.
    d. I wanted, to go to the park but it started raining.
15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. Having finished her housework she went for a walk.
    b. Having finished her housework, she went for a walk
    c. having finished her housework, she went for a walk
    d. Having finished her housework, she went for a walk.

2) Write on one of the following:

a) A descriptive essay about "The way your favorite teacher captivates a classroom."
b) An expository essay about "The pros and cons of online learning versus traditional schooling"

3) Write a paragraph of Six lines on the following:

a) A conclusion for an expository essay about "The benefits of a plant-based diet."
b) Write an engaging introductory paragraph for a story titled: "A Crime Investigation"

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. The teacher's story was so inspiring that students wanted to try harder. The synonym of the underlined word "inspiring" is .....
   a. motivational b. grateful c. moving d. patronizing e. isolating
2. The child was terrified when the lights suddenly went out. The synonym of the underlined word "terrified" is .....
   a. generous b. cheerful c. frightened d. frantic e. thoughtful
3. His kind words during my struggles were truly touching. The synonym of the underlined word "touching" is .....
   a. rejecting b. moving c. terrifying d. polite e. influential
4. She answered the question hesitatingly, unsure if her response was correct. The antonym of the underlined word "hesitatingly" is .....
   a. unhesitatingly b. regularly c. sadly d. slowly e. confidently
5. He always has a cheerful smile on his face. The antonym of the underlined word "cheerful" is .....
   a. gloomy b. touched c. happy d. sad e. spontaneous

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. His ..... made him thank his hosts many times.
   a. strength b. politeness c. rejection d. prose
7. People in ..... societies focus on group harmony.
   a. collectivist b. individualistic c. hospitable d. terrified
8. Good ..... helps workers improve their performance.
   a. hospitality b. daffodils c. wisdom d. feedback
9. Offering food and a warm welcome to guests shows .....
   a. cruelty b. hospitality c. tone d. prose
10. She spoke ..... without waiting or hesitating.
    a. unhesitatingly b. isolating c. grateful d. thoughtful
11. His kind words during my struggles were truly .....
    a. terrifying b. rejecting c. touching d. rude
12. A student may start as an apprentice before beginning a full .....
    a. career b. breeze c. compliment d. rejection
13. Many people spend hours ..... through social media feeds.
    a. inspiring b. scrolling c. rehearsing d. complimenting
14. A school ..... helps students with problems.
    a. counselor b. patron c. apprentice d. individualist
15. The company has a strong ..... for quality service.
    a. compliment b. rhythm c. generosity d. reputation
16. Old photographs often bring back happy .....
    a. memories b. rejection c. prose d. hospitality
17. Water will ..... smoothly down the river.
    a. flow b. escape c. discipline d. surprise

18. She felt sad after receiving a job application .....
a. gesture b. prose c. rejection d. compliment
19. The speaker's ..... of voice was calm and friendly.
a. tone b. feedback c. compliment d. environment
20. The poem had a lively ..... that made people enjoy it.
a. career b. rhythm c. reputation d. prose
21. He always has a ..... smile on his face.
a. cheerful b. terrified c. touched d. spontaneous
22. Bright yellow ..... grow in the spring.
a. gestures b. apprentices c. daffodils d. tones
23. Many people face personal ..... during difficult times.
a. gestures b. struggles c. tones d. careers
24. The writer expressed his idea in simple, clear .....
a. prose b. flow c. apprenticeship d. compliment
25. Protecting the natural ..... is important for future generations.
a. apprenticeship b. rhythm c. feedback d. environment

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

26. The man ..... fixed our car is very kind.
a. which b. who c. when d. where
27. The city ..... we visited last summer was beautiful.
a. when b. which c. where d. whose
28. She is the girl ..... brother plays football with me.
a. whose b. who c. which d. where
29. That's the restaurant ..... serves the best pizza.
a. when b. which c. who d. where
30. My house is ..... than yours.
a. big b. bigger c. biggest d. more big
31. Today is the ..... day of the year.
a. hot b. hotter c. hottest d. as hot
32. This exam was ..... than the last one.
a. difficult b. more difficult c. most difficult d. so difficult
33. Mount Everest is the ..... mountain in the world.
a. high b. higher c. highest d. most high
34. You're coming to the party, ... you?
a. are b. aren't c. don't d. won't
35. He speaks French, ... he?
a. does b. doesn't c. isn't d. won't
36. My new phone is ..... than the old one.
a. modern b. more modern c. most modern d. as modern
37. The hotel ..... we stayed in was very expensive.
a. where b. which c. who d. whose
38. You've met them before, ... you?
a. haven't b. have c. aren't d. didn't
39. There is some milk in the fridge, ... ?
a. is it b. isn't there c. does it d. wasn't there

40. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. The man which lives next door is a doctor.
    b. The man who lives next door is a doctor.
    c. The man whose lives next door is a doctor.
    d. The man when lives next door is a doctor.
41. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. She is the most smart student in the class. **b.** She is the smarter student in the class.
    c. She is the smartest student in the class. **d.** She is smart student in the class.
42. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. This bag is more heavier than that one. **b.** This bag is the most heavy of all.
    c. This bag is much heavier than that one. **d.** This bag is heavy than that one.
43. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. You are a teacher, isn't you? **b.** You are a teacher, aren't you?
    c. You are a teacher, doesn't you? **d.** You are a teacher, don't you?
44. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. That's the movie where won an Oscar. **b.** That's the movie which won an Oscar.
    c. That's the movie whose won an Oscar. **d.** That's the movie who won an Oscar.
45. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
    a. She can swim, can't she? **b.** She can swim, doesn't she?
    c. She can swim, isn't she? **d.** She can swim, won't she?

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I like the car. You bought it last week. (which)
2. The hotel was expensive. We stayed there. (where)
3. The day was rainy. We got married on that day. (when)
4. The students are hard-working. They study English every day. (who)
5. The book is very interesting. I borrowed it from the library. (which)
6. This restaurant is good, but that one is better. (the best)
7. My house is smaller than yours. (the smallest)
8. This problem is difficult, but the next one is even more difficult. (the most difficult)
9. Mount Everest is higher than all the other mountains. (the highest)
10. Sarah is cleverer than all the other girls in the class. (the cleverest)
11. This exam is easier than the one we took last month. (the easiest)
12. That movie was bad, but this one is worse. (the worst)
13. We think it's a good idea to go out tonight. (suggested)
14. Nobody has attended the party, have they? (Everybody)
15. He must be joking, mustn't he? (can't)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d.

1. From traditional tea ceremonies in Japan to the generous feasts of Middle Eastern homes, cultural hospitality reflects a universal truth: that compassion binds us more than differences divide us.

أ من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأقصي، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية خرافة عالمية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات.

ب من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأوسط، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة عالمية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تجمعنا الاختلافات.

ج. من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأوسط، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة عالمية، وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات.

د. من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأقصي، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة محلية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات

2. **Through novels, poems, and plays, literature transcends time and culture, allowing us to walk in the shoes of others and understand worlds beyond our own.**

أ. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والمسرحيات ، يتجاوز العلم الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بالسير في أحذية الآخرين وتجاهل العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا

ب. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والمسرحيات، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بخوض تجارب الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

ج. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والألعاب، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والمكان، مما يسمح لنا بالسير عكس اتجاه الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

د. من خلال القصص والروايات والمسرحيات، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بخوض تجارب الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. يعتبر الأدب بمثابة مرأة للروح الإنسانية، ويكشف عن أعمق مخاوفنا وأمالنا وتناقضاتنا من خلال قوة القصة واللغة.

a. Literature services as a mirror to the humane soul, revealing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions through the power of story and language.

b. Literature serves as a mirror to the human soul, revealing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions through the power of story and language.

c. Literature serves as a mirror to the human soul, prevailing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions thoroughly the power of story and language.

d. Literature serves as a mirror to the humane soul, prevailing our deeper fears, hopes, and contradictions thoroughly the power of story and language.

٤. تتجلي حفاوة الأمم وكرم ضيافتها عندما ترحب بالغرباء بأذرع مفتوحة، وتوفر لهم الأمان والكرامة والإنسانية المشتركة بغض النظر عن الحدود.

a. The kindness and hospitals of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safe, dignity, and shared human regardless of borders.

b. The generosity and hospitality of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safe, dignity, and shared human regardless of borders.

c. The kindness and hospitals of nations shine brightest where they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safety, dignity, and shared humanity regardless of borders.

d. The generosity and hospitality of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safety, dignity, and shared humanity regardless of borders.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Folk stories are the oral treasures passed down through generations, preserving the values, fears, and dreams of communities long before written records existed. Found in every culture—from African tales to Slavic witch legends, from Native American animal myths to Asian trickster fables—these narratives blend magic with moral lessons. Often told by elders around fires or during festivals, folk tales use simple language, repetitive structures, and anthropomorphic animals to make complex truths accessible to children and adults alike. Characters like clever rabbits, vengeful spirits, or humble heroes reflect societal norms and warnings: greed leads to downfall, kindness is rewarded, and arrogance invites disaster. Unlike modern fiction, folk stories evolve with each telling, adapting to local dialects and contemporary concerns while retaining their core message.

They serve not just as entertainment but as cultural anchors, reinforcing identity and collective memory. In a world increasingly dominated by digital media, these stories remind us of our shared human heritage. UNESCO recognizes many folk traditions as intangible cultural heritage, urging their preservation. Even today, storytellers in rural villages and urban schools keep these tales alive, ensuring that the wisdom of ancestors continues to whisper through time. Whether it's "Anansi the Spider" teaching with over strength or "Cinderella" illustrating resilience, folk stories remain timeless teachers wrapped in enchantment.

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1. **Folk stories are primarily transmitted .....**
   a. through textbooks **b.** in scientific journals
   c. via social media **d.** orally across generations
2. **The main purpose of folk tales is often to teach .....**
   a. mathematical formulas **b.** moral lessons
   c. scientific facts **d.** cooking techniques
3. **Which character type commonly appears in folk tales to represent cleverness?**
   a. Kings **b.** Robots **c.** Tricksters **d.** Astronauts
4. **Folk stories often use animals to represent human traits; a technique called .....**
   a. personification **b.** symbolism **c.** metaphor **d.** alliteration
5. **UNESCO classifies many folk traditions as ..... heritage.**
   a. natural **b.** tangible **c.** intangible **d.** technological
6. **..... makes folk stories adaptable over time.**
   a. Rigid plots **b.** Strict copyright laws
   c. Lack of audience **d.** Evolving details with each telling
7. **Folk stories help preserve a community's .....**
   a. collective memory **b.** fashion trends **c.** military history **d.** stock market data

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **A diary usually uses the ..... person point of view.**
   a. first **b.** second **c.** third **d.** passive
2. **A diary entry is often organized by .....**
   a. rhyme **b.** date **c.** chapters **d.** stanzas
3. **Diaries typically include the ..... feelings, thoughts, and daily events.**
   a. writer's **b.** reader's **c.** teacher's **d.** editor's
4. **Poems are often divided into sections called .....**
   a. paragraphs **b.** entries **c.** chapters **d.** stanzas
5. **The repeating pattern of sounds in a poem is called .....**
   a. rhyme **b.** tone **c.** biography **d.** prose
6. **The mood or attitude of a poem is referred to as its .....**
   a. flow **b.** tone **c.** diary **d.** date
7. **Unlike prose, poems usually pay close attention to ..... and rhythm.**
   a. grammar **b.** spelling **c.** word choice **d.** punctuation
8. **A biography is the story of a person's life written by .....**
   a. themselves **b.** another person **c.** a teacher **d.** a poet
9. **A biography usually presents events in ..... order.**
   a. random **b.** reversed **c.** alphabetical **d.** chronological

10. **Biographies often highlight a person's major ..... and struggles.**
    a. hobbies **b.** achievements **c.** favorite foods **d.** diary entries
11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. My brother who lives in Toronto is visiting next week.
    b. My brother, who lives in Toronto, is visiting next week.
    c. My brother who lives in Toronto, is visiting next week.
    d. My brother, who lives in Toronto is visiting next week.
12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas; but I forgot to buy milk.
    b. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas, but I forgot to buy milk.
    c. I bought apples, oranges and bananas but I forgot to buy milk.
    d. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas— but I forgot to buy milk.
13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. She said I'll be there in five minutes" and hung up the phone.
    b. She said, "I'll be there in five minutes," and hung up the phone.
    c. She said "I'll be there in five minutes," and hung up the phone.
    d. She said, "I'll be there in five minutes" and hung up the phone.
14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. He asked:"Where are you going?" **b.** He asked "where are you going?"
    c. He asked, "Where are you going?" **d.** He asked, "where are you going?"
15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. Although it was raining; we decided to go for a walk.
    b. Although it was raining, we decided to go for a walk.
    c. Although it was raining we decided to go for a walk.
    d. Although it was raining— we decided to go for a walk.

2) Write about one of the following prompts:

a. A diary entry about "**A secret I've never told anyone**."
b. A short poem about "**The change of seasons**."

3) Write about one of the following:

a. A diary entry about "**The first time I traveled alone**."
b. Write a conclusion paragraph for a biography titled: "A **Famous Scientist Who Changed the World**."

3rd

مراجعات كتاب المدرسة

Review [A]
Review [B]
Review [C]
Review [D]

2026

إهداء من فريق العمالقة

nezakr.net

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. She found the work rewarding because she could see the positive impact she was making. The synonym of the underlined word "rewarding" is .....
   a. hateful b. fulfilling c. satisfying d. wasteful e. unpleasant
2. Engineers are constantly working to improve the efficiency of solar panels. The synonym of the underlined word "efficiency" is .....
   a. productivity b. toughness c. electricity d. effectiveness e. ease
3. The museum featured a sophisticated security system to protect the priceless artworks. The synonym of the underlined word "sophisticated" is .....
   a. advanced b. complex c. simple d. humble e. tolerant
4. Planting trees in cities can help mitigate the effects of air pollution. The synonyms of the underlined word "mitigate" is .....
   a. finish b. invest c. lessen d. endanger e. reduce
5. "She preferred handmade tools over an automated system. "The word "automated" here is an antonym of .....
   a. manual b. mechanical c. hand operated d. robotic e. digital

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. The school year always ..... with an opening ceremony.
   a. kicks at b. kicks off c. collapses d. clutches
7. Nurses usually work in an 8-hour .....
   a. buzz b. shift c. scope d. household
8. The atmosphere in the office had a positive ..... after the big announcement.
   a. equity b. urgency c. chaos d. buzz
9. Paramedics are trained to ..... first aid quickly.
   a. administer b. moan c. collapse d. migrate
10. Pay close ..... to the teacher's instructions.
    a. migration b. lever c. attention d. urgency
11. The hospital received many patients after the .....
    a. emergency b. version c. chores d. dynasty
12. The ..... of the accident was taken to the ER.
    a. diver b. victim c. paramedic d. phenomenon
13. The fire caused complete ..... in the market.
    a. scope b. equity c. migration d. chaos
14. Seeing children suffer is truly .....
    a. sophisticated b. sustainable c. automated d. heartbreaking
15. The old bridge might ..... if we don't repair it.
    a. collapse b. groan c. migrate d. shift
16. If someone stops breathing, you might need to perform .....
    a. CPR b. chores c. equity d. urgency
17. She lost ..... during the surgery but regained it later.
    a. phenomenon b. infrastructure c. consciousness d. automation
18. She broke her ..... while skiing.
    a. collarbone b. lever c. household d. artifact

19. The child ..... her mother's hand tightly while crossing the road.
a. migrated b. kicked off c. grabbed d. administered
20. The new project's ..... is to help rural farmers.
a. scope b. lever c. equity d. buzz
21. The Ming ..... ruled China for centuries.
a. dynasty b. equity c. infrastructure d. migration
22. Workers used a ..... to lift the heavy stone.
a. lever b. stitch c. collarbone d. phenomenon
23. Roads and bridges are part of a country's .....
a. chaos b. consciousness c. infrastructure d. equity

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

24. He said he ..... call me the next day.
a. will b. would c. can d. may
25. She told me ..... the door.
a. close b. to close c. closing d. closed
26. The teacher asked US ..... quiet.
a. to be b. be c. being d. is
27. He must be the new teacher. The modal "must" shows .....
a. obligation b. strong deduction c. permission d. advice
28. That ..... be his bag — it's too small.
a. could b. must c. can't d. shouldn't
29. She might be at the library. Here "might" expresses .....
a. possibility b. certainty c. permission d. obligation
30. This machine ..... the clothes automatically.
a. washes b. is washing c. washed d. wash
31. The project ..... by engineers at the moment.
a. is being designed b. designs c. was designed d. design
32. He ..... he could swim fast.
a. ordered b. asked c. told d. said
33. He told me ..... that button.
a. not touch b. not to touch c. to not touch d. no touching
34. They said they ..... going to the park.
a. are b. were c. will d. would
35. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
a. He told me that he will comes tomorrow.
b. He told me that he would come the next day.
c. He told me that he is coming the next day.
d. He told me that he has come the next day.
36. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
a. He said to not to be late. b. He said to not be late.
c. He told to not be late d. He told me not to be late.
37. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
a. They asked US do the project. b. They asked US to doing the project.
c. they asked US to do the project d. They asked US did the project.

38. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. She might be know the answer. **b.** She might knows the answer.
c. She might know the answer **d.** She might to know the answer.

39. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. He asked me to help him. **b.** He asked me to helping him.
c. He asked me if I can helped him **d.** He asked me help him.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. "I am studying English now," she said. (She said...)
2. "We live in Cairo," they told me. (They told me..)
3. "I will call you tomorrow," he promised. [He promised...)
4. "Don't be late," my mother told me. (My mother told me...)
5. "We can finish this project today," they said. (They said...)
6. "I'm certain he isn't at school, (can't)
7. Maybe it is raining in London, (might)
8. I'm sure this is the right bus. (must)
9. I'm certain they are not serious, (can't)
10. Perhaps he is reading in his room, (could)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1. Machines increase efficiency and accuracy in tasks, reducing human effort and error during industrial processes and daily life activities.

أ. تعمل الماكينات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يزيد من الجهد البشرى وعدم الخطأ أثناء الصناعات والحياة اليومية
ب. تعمل الآلات على تقليل الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يقلل من الجهد البشرى أو الخطأ أثناء تحويل الصناعات والحياة النشيطة اليومية
ج. تعمل الآلات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يقلل من الجهد البشرى والخطأ أثناء العمليات الصناعية وأنشطة الحياة اليومية
د. تعمل الماكينات على زيادة الكفاءة والدقة فى المهام، مما يزيد الجهد البشرى والخطأ أثناء نقل الصناعات والحياة اليومية

2. Modern devices are essential because they streamline communication, provide instant access to information, and automate complex tasks, significantly enhancing productivity and quality of life.

أ. تعتبر الأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على تعقيد الاتصالات وتوفير الوصول المؤقت إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعزز الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
ب. تعتبر الأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على سهولة الاتصالات وتوفير الوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعزز الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
ج. تعتبرا لأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على تسهيل الاتصالات وعدم توفيرا لوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام البسيطة، مما يعوق الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير
د. تعتبرا لأجهزة الحديثة ضرورية لأنها تعمل على سهولة الاتصالات وتوفيرا لوصول الفورى إلى المعلومات وإتمام المهام المعقدة، مما يعوق الإنتاجية وجودة الحياة بشكل كبير

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. بإمكاننا حماية مستقبلنا من خلال تبنى الممارسات المستدامة، والحد من التلوث، والحفاظ على الموارد الطبيعية، واتخاذ إجراءات ضد تغير المناخ.

a. We can prevent our future from embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving normal resources, and taking action against climate change.

b. We can protect our future by embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving natural resources, and taking action against climate change.

c. We can protect our future by bracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, conserving natural sources, and taking action against climate charge.

d. We can protect our future by embracing sustainable practices, reducing pollution, preserving natural sources, and taking action for climate change.

٤. تلعب الممرضات دوراً حيوياً فى رعاية المرضى من خلال مراقبة الصحة، وإعطاء الأدوية، وتقديم الدعم المعنوى، والتعاون مع الأطباء لضمان العلاج الآمن والفعال

a. Nurse plays a vital role in patients care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and affective treatment.

b. Nurses play a vital role in patience care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and effective treatment.

c. Nurses play a vital role in patient care by monitoring health, demonstrating medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to sure safe and effective treatment.

d. Nurses play a vital role in patients care by monitoring health, administering medications, providing emotional support, and collaborating with doctors to ensure safe and effective treatment.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

"A friend in need is a friend indeed" Has that proverb been proven to you? Has any of your close friends ever supported you at times of sorrow, distress or times of joy? That has become a needle in a haystack at these times of struggling and climbing on the shoulders of others.

At the very beginning of their life, a child makes friends with a lot of peers who may be a mixture of good and evil. They, due to their young age, can't perfectly judge or decide who to continue keeping or losing friendship with. By the time they become older, the number of friends decreases to a number that may not exceed the number of one hand fingers. It all depends on to what extent they are faithful, selfless and honest to each other.

Friendship that al! mankind always searches for, as it's mainly a human instinct and man is social by nature, has become a rare value. Friends can help you celebrate good times and provide support for you in bad ones. They prevent isolation and loneliness and increase your sense of belonging. The so-called friends on social media only limit themselves in comments or emojis to congratulate and condole instead of hastening to stand right next to you unless they have tough conditions. You'd better carefully choose your friends.

Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d:

1. **In the writer's point of view, true friends have become .....**
   a. widely spread **b.** available **c.** common **d.** rare
2. **"Close" in the first paragraph has the same meaning as .....**
   a. locked **b.** best **c.** hateful **d.** selfish
3. **The expression "Climbing on the shoulders of others" describes .....**
   a. true friends **b.** selfish friends
   c. all friends on social media **d.** all friends on real life
4. **The word "decrease" in the second paragraph is an antonym of .....**
   a. decline **b.** shrink **c.** go down **d.** expand

5. **Man always needs friends because .....**
   a. they need to joke others
   b. they have much free time
   c. this is how they were created
   d. they are greedy by nature
6. **"Emojis" are .....**
   a. games and entertainments
   b. tools and equipment
   c. electronic devices
   d. figures and symbols
7. **Friendship helps prevent US from the feelings of .....**
   a. loneliness and isolation
   b. relief and relaxing
   c. fear and horror
   d. joy and excitement
8. **The writer advises us to .....**
   a. carefully select our friends
   b. text our friends at times of sorrow
   c. correctly socialise online
   d. reduce the number of friends

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **A blog post is usually written in .....**
   a. formal, academic style
   b. casual, personal style
   c. legal style
   d. poetic style
2. **An argumentative essay should .....**
   a. present both sides of an issue and support one
   b. tell a personal story
   c. be completely one-sided without evidence
   d. list daily activities
3. **A persuasive essay's main goal is to .....**
   a. inform b. entertain c. convince d. summarize
4. **Blog posts often include .....**
   a. charts and data tables only
   b. personal opinions and experiences
   c. only references and citations
   d. none of the above
5. **In an argumentative essay, evidence can include .....**
   a. facts, statistics, and expert opinions
   b. only personal opinions
   c. random examples
   d. unrelated stories
6. **Which of these is a good blog title?**
   a. "Analysis of Thermal Migration in Birds"
   b. "Why My Morning Coffee is Sacred"
   c. "The Effects of Lever Mechanics"
   d. "A Study on Urban Infrastructure"
7. **A persuasive essay is different from an argumentative essay because it .....**
   a. focuses more on emotional appeal
   b. uses no evidence
   c. avoids taking a stance
   d. is always shorter
8. **The introduction of an essay should .....**
   a. immediately give all details
   b. present the topic and thesis statement
   c. start with unrelated jokes
   d. list references
9. **Blog posts may include hyperlinks to .....**
   a. sources and related content
   b. poems
   c. advertisements only
   d. random websites
10. **In a persuasive essay, the conclusion should .....**
    a. restate the thesis and encourage action
    b. introduce new evidence
    c. start a new argument
    d. list unrelated facts

11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. Its going to be a long day.
    b. Its going to be a long day!
    c. It's going to be a long day
    d. It's going to be a long day?
12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. However, we decided to leave early,
    b. However we decided to leave early.
    c. However we, decided to leave early,
    d. However! we decided to leave early.
13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. She spent her summer in New York, New York - Los Angeles, California - and Miami, Florida.
    b. She spent her summer in New York, New York; Los Angeles, California; and Miami, Florida.
    c. She spent her summer in New York, New York: Los Angeles, California: and Miami, Florida.
    d. She spent her summer in New York, New York, Los Angeles, California, and Miami, Florida.
14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. I love cooking my family and my pets.
    b. I love cooking, my family, and my pets.
    c. I love cooking, my family and my pets.
    d. I love cooking my family, and my pets.
15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. Don't forget to bring your notebook, laptop, and charger.
    b. Don't forget to bring your notebook, laptop and, charger.
    c. Don't forget to bring your notebook laptop and charger.
    d. Don't forget, to bring your notebook, laptop, and charger.

2) Write on one of the following:

a. A persuasive essay about "Wearing a School Uniform at High Schools."
b. A blog post about "What We Can Learn from Animals About Adapting to Change."

3) Write a paragraph of Six lines on the following:

a. An introduction for an argumentative essay that claims "Social media does more harm than good for teenagers' mental health."
b. Write an engaging introductory paragraph for a blog post titled: "Why Taking Mental Health Days Should Be Normalized at Work."

F The Novel

Answer the following questions:

1. **In what ways does Edmond's return to Marseilles mark the beginning of both promising opportunities and serious threats in his life?**
2. **What plans did Edmond and Mercedes have for their life together before everything changed?**
3. **Why did Villefort destroy the letter?**

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Her face looked pale after hearing the shocking news, as if all the color had drained away. The antonym of the underlined word "pale" is .....
   a. strong b. bright c. weak d. faded e. soft
2. The child was fragile about the strange noise and slowly opened the door to investigate. The synonym of the underlined word "fragile" is .....
   a. frail b. obvious c. delicate d. cowardly e. silly
3. The new hospital is still under construction, with cranes and workers visible every day. The antonym of the underlined word "construction" is .....
   a. destruction b. demolishing c. structure d. building e. process
4. The job was so repetitive that he performed the same task hundreds of times each day. The antonym of the underlined word "repetitive" is .....
   a. boring b. varied c. monotonous d. frequent e. different
5. She wasn't trying to be rude—she was simply ignorant of the local customs. The synonym of the underlined word "ignorant" is .....
   a. known b. respected c. informed d. unaware e. unfamiliar

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. The view from the mountain was so ..... that everyone stopped to take photos.
   a. mortifying b. innovation c. repetitive d. breathtaking
7. Cairo is known for its ..... nightlife, with music and dancing everywhere.
   a. weeknight b. vibrant c. workshops d. dedicated
8. Our city is very ..... with people from many cultures living together.
   a. diverse b. curious c. thrive d. disaster
9. Be careful with that glass vase; it's .....
   a. workshops b. capture c. fragile d. magic
10. Before the exam, students should ..... revision to prepare well.
    a. sing b. jump c. do d. walk97
11. The painting was full of ..... colors that caught my eye.
    a. figuratively b. vivid c. magnificent d. entertainment
12. Don't ..... her abilities; she is very talented.
    a. struggle b. flexibility c. clumsiness d. underestimate
13. Coastal ..... is destroying the beaches year by year.
    a. flexibility b. overestimate c. overrate d. erosion
14. Plants will ..... if they get enough sunlight and water.
    a. struggle b. collaborate c. shake d. thrive
15. The melody was so ..... that it stayed in my mind for days.
    a. vibrant b. haunting c. curious d. capture
16. They had to ..... to carry the heavy box up the stairs.
    a. declare b. fragile c. struggle d. agitate
17. The loud noise will ..... the meeting.
    a. entangle b. ease c. distribute d. disrupt

18. She is ..... to helping the poor in her community.
a. dedicated b. repetitive c. vivid d. breathtaking
19. An ultrasound is a ..... medical test.
a. cruelly b. non-invasive c. tragically d. weeknight
20. Please pass me the ..... for my fries.
a. stakeholder b. haunting c. saltshaker d. captivity
21. Let's ..... at the new mall shop after class.
a. hang up b. hang out c. ensure d. happen
22. The movie's special effects were .....
a. mind-blowing b. whispering c. disrupting d. overwhelming
23. He explained the joke ..... , word for word.
a. literally b. fragilely c. vividly d. figuratively
24. The word "mortifying" means .....
a. exciting b. embarrassing c. relaxing d. surprising
25. The opposite of "boring" is .....
a. lively b. dull c. quiet d. still
26. The synonym for "mistake" is .....
a. success b. plan c. error d. idea
27. The idiom "hit the town" means .....
a. visit a small village b. go out and enjoy in the city
c. hit something physically d. work late
28. Hossam went to the hospital to ..... his uncle after the surgery.
a. check on b. invest in c. wait in d. lookup
29. The word "glamorous" means .....
a. unattractive and boring b. dark and scary
c. casual and plain d. stylish and exciting

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

30. The journey took ten hours. It was a ..... journey.
a. ten-hours b. ten-hour c. ten-hours-long d. ten-hour-long
31. Compound adjectives are often joined by a ..... when they appear before the noun they modify.
a. comma b. hyphen c. space d. dash
32. He is a scientist who is known all over the world. He is a ..... scientist
a. world-known b. known-world c. famous-world d. wide-famous
33. My grandmother is nearly seventy years old. My grandmother still loves hiking.
a. seventy-year-old b. seventy-years-old c. seventy-year-olds d. seventy-years-olds
34. I took a photo of a turtle that moves slowly. I took a photo of a ..... turtle.
a. slowly-moving b. slow-moving c. move-slowly d. slow-move
35. Which sentence is structurally correct:
a. The movie was very bored. b. The movie was very boring.
c. The movie was very bore d. The movie was very boringly.
36. Which sentence is structurally correct .....
a. The student were very tiring. b. The student was very tired.
c. The student was very tire d. The student were very tiredly.

37. **Today, many companies ..... repetitive tasks done by machines.**
a. make **b.** do **c.** have **d.** allow

38. **Employers now have staff ..... skills like communication and critical thinking. Which option shows the correct form of the underlined verb after have?**
a. develop **b.** developing **c.** developed **d.** to develop

39. **Governments and schools often.....training programs developed to support workers.**
a. let **b.** make **c.** have **d.** allow

40. **A technician is installing their internet. They are .....**
a. getting their internet installed **b.** having their internet installing
c. getting a technician installing their internet **d.** have their internet installed

41. **A tailor will make her dress. She will .....**
a. get a tailor make her a dress **b.** get her dress made
c. have her dress making **d.** have a tailor making her a dress

42. **A dentist checked his teeth. He .....**
a. got his teeth checked **b.** had his teeth checked
c. had a dentist check his teeth **d.** all of these

43. **A friend is designing our website. We are .....**
a. having our website designed **b.** getting our website designing
c. having a friend designing our website **d.** get our website designed

44. **He asked me where ..... to eat.**
a. I want **b.** did I want **c.** I wanted **d.** do you want

45. **She asked ..... to go hiking.**
a. if I want **b.** if I wanted **c.** if do you want **d.** do you want

46. **They asked if ..... meet earlier.**
a. they can **b.** could we **c.** we can **d.** they could

47. **She asked me why ..... to the party.**
a. I haven't come **b.** I didn't come **c.** I hadn't come **d.** didn't come

48. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He admitted to break my favorite mug.
b. He admitted that breaking my favorite mug.
c. He admitted breaking my favorite mug.
d. He admitted to have broken my favorite mug.

49. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. She suggested going bowling. **b.** She suggested to go bowling.
c. She suggested that we going bowling **d.** She suggested US to go bowling.

50. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He is a eight-year-old boy. **b.** He is an eight-years-old boy.
c. He is an eight-year-old boy **d.** He is a eight year old boy.

51. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. We stayed in a five-star hotel. **b.** We stayed in a five stars hotel.
c. We stayed in a five-stars hotel **d.** We stayed in a five star hotel.

52. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. He is a self made man. **b.** He is a self-made man.
c. He is a self-making man **d.** He is a self-make man.

53. **Which sentence is structurally correct:**
a. I had my car clean yesterday. **b.** I had my car cleaning yesterday.
c. I had cleaned my car yesterday **d.** I had my car cleaned yesterday.

54. Which sentence is structurally correct:
a. I will have my teeth check tomorrow. **b.** I will have checked my teeth tomorrow.
c. I will have the dentist check my teeth tomorrow.
d. I will have the dentist to check my teeth tomorrow.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. He drives a car with four doors. (four-door)
2. This is a machine that saves time. (time-saving)
3. She wore shoes with high heels. (high-heeled)
4. He is a person who thinks only about himself. (self-centered)
5. He is a boy with curly hair. (curly-haired)
6. A hairdresser cut my hair this morning. (I got…)
7. Someone fixed their computer. (They had…)
8. Someone washed my car yesterday. (I got…)
9. A mechanic changed the tires. (I had…)
10. A cleaner cleaned the office. (We got…)
11. "Are you coming to the party?" he asked. (He asked…)
12. "Where do you live?" the teacher asked me. (The teacher asked…)
13. "Do you like Italian food?" she asked. (She asked…)
14. "Did you watch the match yesterday?" he asked. (He asked…)
15. "What are you doing now?" she asked me. (She asked…)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c, or d:

1. Coral reefs, often called "colorful underwater cities," are a breathtaking, vibrant world teeming with thousands of diverse marine species.

أ. الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن المائية الملونة»،عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بملايين الأنواع البرية المتنوعة
ب. الشعاب الجبلية، التى تعرف غالبا اسم «المد ن الدفينة الملونة»،عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البحرية المتنوعة
ج. الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن المائية الملونة»، عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البحرية المتنوعة
د. الشعاب المرجانية، التى تعرف غالبا باسم «المدن الدفينة الملونة»، عالم خلاب نابض بالحياة، يزخر بآلاف الأنواع البرية المتنوعة.

2. Entertainment offers a wide range of benefits, from helping US relax and de-stress to fostering creativity and social connection.

أ. يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من العوائق، بدءا من منعنا من الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى
ب. يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من الفوائد، بدءا من مساعدتنا على ا لاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى
ج. يوفر الترفيه مجموعة واسعة من العراقيل، بدءا من مساعدتنا على الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تعزيز الإبداع والانفصال الاجتماعى
د. يوفرا لترفيه مجموعة واسعة من الفوائد، بدءا من مساعدتنا على الاسترخاء وتخفيف التوتر، وصولا إلى تقويض الإبداع والتواصل الاجتماعى

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. مع تطور الوظائف، يجب على العاملين الراغبين فى البقاء فى الطليعة تبنى التعلم المستمر وتطوير عقلية النمو، حيث أصبح الإلمام الرقمى والمرونة أمرا بالغ الأهمية للتكيف مع الأدوات والأدوار الجديدة

a. As jobs revolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must exclude continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

b. As jobs evolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continual learning and develop a grow mindset.

c. As jobs revolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

d. As jobs evolve, workers who want to stay ahead of the curve must embrace continuous learning and develop a growth mindset.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

As exams come to an end, students eagerly wait for fun summer camps to relax and enjoy their break. These camps, lasting four to five weeks, offer enjoyable activities like painting, origami, music, crafts, cooking, spoken English, and computer classes. They also keep children active with sports like yoga, cricket, tennis, and swimming.

Parents today want their children to learn while having fun. Unlike in the past, playtime is now seen as a way to develop skills. Summer camps provide the perfect opportunity for kids to explore their interests and talents. Creative activities like art and crafts boost a child's imagination and give them a sense of pride when they show their work to their parents.

These camps help build confidence and independence in children. They are especially helpful for energetic or restless kids, as they direct their energy into positive activities. Camps also improve teamwork and understanding between teachers and students, creating a supportive environment. Overall, summer camps prepare children for a brighter, more confident future.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **According to the passage, the main purpose of summer camps is to .....**
   a. replace school education **b.** provide fun and learning opportunities
   c. keep children busy all day **d.** prepare children for exams
2. **Students eagerly wait for fun summer camps to relax and ..... their break.**
   a. extend **b.** maximize **c.** enjoy **d.** shorten
3. **..... is NOT mentioned as part of summer camps.**
   a. Swimming **b.** Dancing **c.** Origami **d.** Spoken English
4. **Summer camps are especially helpful for ..... and restless kids.**
   a. lazy **b.** energetic **c.** shy **d.** sick
5. **Parents prefer summer camps today compared to the past because .....**
   a. they are cheaper
   b. they combine play with skill development
   c. they focus only on sports
   d. schools force parents to send their children
6. **Children feel ..... when they show their handmade creations to their parents.**
   a. afraid **b.** bored **c.** proud **d.** disappointed
7. **Summer camps promote ..... among children and teachers.**
   a. competition **b.** strict discipline
   c. isolation **d.** mutual understanding
8. **The camps also help improve teamwork and understanding between teachers and students, creating a ..... environment.**
   a. safe and secure **b.** nurturing **c.** cooperative **d.** supportive

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **When writing a review, phrases like "I really enjoyed..." or "The best thing about" are used for .....**
   a. giving a negative opinion
   b. giving a balanced opinion
   c. stating a positive opinion
   d. making a recommendation
2. **The phrase "I wouldn't recommend it to..." is used for .....**
   a. stating a positive opinion
   b. highlighting a positive point
   c. making a recommendation
   d. giving a negative opinion
3. **An idiom is a group of words whose meaning is .....**
   a. the same as the individual words
   b. different from the individual words
   c. always literal
   d. always used in formal writing
4. **A well-written online review should include both positive and negative points to be .....**
   a. balanced
   b. biased
   c. short
   d. easy to read
5. **When writing a story, the beginning should focus on .....**
   a. the climax
   b. setting the scene
   c. the resolution
   d. the ending
6. **Which phrase is a good way to start a sentence when giving a positive opinion in a review?**
   a. "Although it was interesting, I thought..."
   b. "the best thing about... was..."
   c. "It was a bit disappointing because..."
   d. "I wouldn't recommend it to..."
7. **The resolution of a story is the part where the main .....**
   a. problem is introduced
   b. conflict is at its peak
   c. character is introduced
   d. problem is solved
8. **Which of the following is an example of an idiom?**
   a. "a brilliant idea"
   b. "a stitch in time saves nine"
   c. "a very beautiful sunset"
   d. "a strong wind"
9. **What the main purpose of the beginning of a story is to .....**
   a. surprise the reader with a twist
   b. describe how the problem is solved
   c. explain what the character learned
   d. introduce characters, setting, and the initial situation

2) Write about (180–200 words) on one of the following:

a. A narrative essay about "An adventure with friends."
b. Review your favorite book or novel.

3) Write a paragraph of six lines on the following:

a. A body paragraph evaluating the acting in a movie you recently watched.
b. A hopeful ending to a story about overcoming a challenge.

F The Novel

Answer the following questions:

1. **"Knowledge is power." Do you agree with this idea? Explain with an example.**
2. **How does Abbé Faria's choice to teach and share his knowledge reveal his personality and values?**

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. Many slaves tried to escape from captivity using secret tunnels. The synonym of the underlined word "escape" is .....
   a. navigate b. flee c. run away d. feed e. stick
2. Trade routes often formed at the confluence of two major rivers. The synonym of the underlined word "confluence" is .....
   a. boundary b. complex c. meeting d. gate e. junction
3. Air is invisible, but we still feel its pressure around us. The antonym of the underlined word "invisible" is .....
   a. unseen b. seen c. visible d. usual e. compressed
4. Farmers preferred land with rich and fertile soil. The antonym of the underlined word "fertile" is .....
   a. organic b. good c. barren d. poor e. high

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

5. The Amazon rainforest is considered the "lungs of the Earth" because of its ..... location.
   a. strategic b. invisible c. mysterious d. luxurious
6. A passport is a ..... to enter new countries.
   a. trapdoor b. gateway c. shadow d. restriction
7. To board an international flight, you must show your ..... at the airport.
   a. terminal b. boarding pass c. departure lounge d. gate
8. Travelers with money often choose to fly in ..... enjoying better seats and food.
   a. mystery b. luxury c. gateway d. foundation
9. Egypt is located ..... between Africa and Asia.
   a. strategically b. invisibly c. mysteriously d. cosmically
10. Too many ..... on innovation can harm good work.
    a. bustles b. foundations c. curiosities d. restrictions
11. Some people feel ..... in big crowds, while others enjoy the activity.
    a. stuck b. curious c. fertile d. compressed
12. The city square is always full of noise and ..... .
    a. bustle b. boundary c. scholar d. theory
13. The Pyramids of Giza stand as a ..... of human engineering skill.
    a. soil b. luxury c. foundation d. monument
14. Water and rich ..... are essential for successful farming.
    a. horizons b. shadows c. soil d. dimensions
15. The professor's ..... attracted students from around the world.
    a. reputation b. horizons c. escape d. boundary
16. Ancient ..... built stone monuments to watch the stars and planets.
    a. astronomers b. scribes c. soldiers d. directors
17. Discovering new worlds has always been part of human .....
    a. mystery b. curiosity c. dimension d. luxury

18. Ancient civilizations built canals for ..... bringing water to their crops.
a. curiosity b. mystery c. education d. irrigation
19. Italy is a ..... surrounded by the sea on three sides.
a. dimension b. peninsula c. foundation d. gateway
20. In Mesopotamia, ... recorded information on clay tablets.
a. scribes b. astronomers c. scholars d. travelers
21. The tall, temple-like structures called ..... were built in ancient Mesopotamia.
a. gateways b. ziggurats c. horizons d. bustles
22. A ..... is a person who studies deeply in a particular field of knowledge.
a. bustler b. scholar c. shadow d. luxury
23. The architect gave the exact ..... of the new bridge before construction began.
a. dimensions b. horizons c. innovations d. restrictions
24. The gas in the bottle was ..... under high pressure.
a. compressed b. escaped c. irrigated d. constructed

B Language

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

25. By the time we arrived, the train .....
a. had left b. left c. has left d. was leaving
26. She was tired because she ..... all night.
a. worked b. has worked c. had been working d. works
27. They ..... the movie before we joined them at the cinema.
a. had seen b. saw c. have seen d. were seeing
28. When I called, he ..... for two hours.
a. had been studying b. studied c. has studied d. studies
29. After he ..... his homework, he went out with friends.
a. had finished b. has finished c. finishes d. was finishing
30. She looked exhausted because she ..... for hours.
a. has run b. running c. had been running d. runs
31. A new product ..... by the company every year.
a. launching b. launches c. is launched d. launch
32. The police ..... the thief last night.
a. was caught b. had caught c. caught d. is caught
33. The bridge ..... in 2010.
a. built b. was built c. has built d. builds
34. The results ..... tomorrow.
a. will be announced b. announced c. are announcing d. announce
35. She enjoys ..... to music in her free time.
a. listen b. listening c. to listen d. listened
36. He decided ..... abroad for further studies.
a. going b. go c. to go d. gone
37. They suggested ..... a new restaurant downtown.
a. try b. trying c. to try d. tried
38. He can't stand ..... in long queues.
a. wait b. waiting c. to wait d. waited
39. Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?
a. She avoided being late by leaving early. b. She avoided to be late by leaving early.
c. She avoided was late by leaving early. d. She avoided be late by leaving early.

40. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. They agreed finishing the project by Friday.
b. They agreed to finish the project by Friday.
c. They agreed finished the project by Friday.
d. They agreed finish the project by Friday.

41. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. A new bridge are being built. **b.** A new bridge is being build.
c. A new bridge is being built. **d.** A new bridge being built.

42. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. Someone stole my bag yesterday. **b.** Someone has stolen my bag yesterday.
c. Someone was stolen my bag yesterday. **d.** Someone is stolen my bag yesterday.

43. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. We were late. The meeting starts when we entered the hall.
b. We were late. The meeting starting when we entered the hall.
c. We were late. The meeting has started when we entered the hall.
d. We were late. The meeting had started when we entered the hall.

44. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. He had been studying English for three years before he moved to London.
b. He was studying English for three years before he moved to London.
c. He is studied English for three years before he moved to London.
d. He has studied English for three years before he moved to London.

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning.

1. She finished her homework and then went to bed. (after)
2. She went to the airport after she had packed her bags. (before)
3. By the time I got to the station, the train had left. (No sooner)
4. He left the office after meeting the boss. (until)
5. They are repairing my car right now. (being)
6. "I didn't steal the money", he said. (He denied)
7. The teacher corrected our tests yesterday. (by)
8. They will announce the results tomorrow. (be)
9. Someone has stolen my wallet. (been)
10. People speak English all over the world. (spoken)
11. She said she would help me. (promised)
12. He said it was his mistake. (admitted)
13. We think it's a good idea to go out tonight. (suggested)
14. I want to buy a new computer. (decided)
15. He doesn't like waiting in long lines. (can't stand)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d.

1. Vitamins found in protective foods are very essential for good health. Their absence causes serious diseases.

أ- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الوقائية مهمة جدا للصحة الجيدة. إن غيابها يتسبب في حدوث أمراض خطيرة.
ب- إن الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الواقية مهمة لصحة جيدة. إن غيابها أمراض خطيرة.
ج- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الحامية للصحة ضرورية جدا. إن غيابها يؤدي إلي حدوث أمراض خطيرة.
د- تعد الفيتامينات الموجودة في الأطعمة الواقية مهمة لصحة جيدة. إن غيابها قد يتسبب في حدوث أمراض خطيرة.

2. To be employable, each young man or young woman must put in mind that digital skills and foreign languages are of top importance in the labor market.

أ- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

ب- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

ج- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

د- يجب علي كل شاب وشابة أن يضعوا في اعتبارهم أن المهارات الرقمية واللغات الأجنبية لها أهمية قصوي في سوق العمل لضمان حصولهم علي العمل.

3. People often celebrate various festivals for national, historical, religious, cultural, social and personal occasions.

أ- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

ب- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية .

ج- يحتفل الناس غالبا باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

د- كثيرا ما يحتفل الناس باحتفالات متنوعة لمناسبات وطنية وتاريخية ودينية وثقافية واجتماعية وشخصية.

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٤. يجب علينا احترام المسنين لكبار أعمارهم، واتباع نصائحهم، فخبراتهم في الحياة كنز لا يقدر بثمن.

a. We all must respect the elderly and follow their advice. Their experiences in life are a priceless treasure.

b. We all must respect elders and follow their advice. Their experiences in life are a valueless treasure.

c. We all must respect elders and follow their advise. Their experiences in life are an unavailable treasure.

d. We all must respect elders and follow there advise. Their experiences in life are an invaluable treasure.

٥. إن قوة الجاذبية الهائلة للثقب الأسود عظيمة للغاية لدرجة أنه لا يمكن لأي شيء، حتي الضوء، أن يهرب بمجرد عبوره أفق الحدث.

a. A black hole's gravitational pull is so immense that nothing, not even night, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

b. A black hall's gravitational pull is so impressive that nothing, not ever night, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

c. A black hole's gravitational pull is so depressive that nothing, not even right, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

d. A black holes' gravitational pull is so immense that nothing, not even light, can escape once it crosses the event horizon.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

The old clock on the mantelpiece ticked slowly, its rhythm echoing in the silent study.

Detective Elias Thorne stood over Alistair Finch, the reclusive antiquarian slain by a single gunshot—locked inside his own room, windows bolted, door locked from within. In the victim's clenched hand was an ornate key that didn't match any lock.

A diary lay open on the desk: "The Key of Shadows. A replica—but the secret is in the inscription. I fear my time is running out." Thorne turned the key. Faint runic script glowed in the fading light: "The last light fades."

He scanned the room. No hidden passages. No escape. Then—he noticed the clock.

With a magnifying glass, he pried open its mechanism and found a tiny silver disc with a pinhole. He held the key up to the setting sun. A beam pierced the disc, casting a pinpoint of light onto the wall—right where a shadow fell across a bookshelf.

Thorne moved the shelf. Behind it: a hidden safe. The key fit.

Inside, a final note: "He will come for this. The only way to stop him is to make it disappear."

It wasn't murder. It was suicide.

Alistair had engineered a flawless riddle—a clock, a key, and sunlight as the trigger—to conceal a dangerous secret. Knowing enemies were closing in, he chose death over capture. The locked room? A theatrical seal. The gunshot? His final act of protection. The key wasn't meant to unlock a door—it was meant to be found, by the right mind, at the right hour.

The mystery wasn't how he died—but why he made it look like a crime.

Thorne closed the safe. Some secrets weren't meant to be kept… just buried.

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1. **The story takes place mainly in Alistair Finch's .....**
   a. library **b.** study **c.** bedroom **d.** office
2. **The ornate key in Alistair's hand did not match any .....**
   a. safe **b.** inscription **c.** clock **d.** lock
3. **Alistair Finch was found .....**
   a. asleep in his chair **b.** hiding in a safe
   c. dead from a gunshot **d.** escaping through a window
4. **The diary entry mentioned "The Key of Shadows" and warned that .....**
   a. the clock would stop **b.** time was running out
   c. enemies were defeated **d.** a treasure was hidden
5. **The key revealed its secret when Thorne held it up to the .....**
   a. lamp light **b.** moonlight **c.** setting sun **d.** silver disc
6. **According to the final note, Alistair wanted the secret to .....**
   a. disappear **b.** remain safe in the clock
   c. be sold **d.** be passed to his enemies
7. **The locked door and gunshot were part of Alistair's .....**
   a. hobby as a collector **b.** plan to confuse enemies
   c. experiment with time **d.** search for treasure
8. **The story suggests that the real mystery was not how Alistair died, but .....**
   a. who killed him **b.** why he staged the crime
   c. where the treasure was **d.** what happened to the clock

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **An expository essay usually begins with an ..... that presents the topic clearly.**
   a. ending **b.** introduction **c.** dialogue **d.** description
2. **The ..... of an expository essay provide facts, examples, and explanations.**
   a. body paragraphs **b.** mystery clues **c.** character sketches **d.** conclusions
3. **The ..... of an expository essay restates the thesis and summarizes the main points.**
   a. setting **b.** introduction **c.** conclusion **d.** mystery twist
4. **A descriptive essay focuses on creating a clear ..... using sensory details.**
   a. thesis **b.** picture **c.** argument **d.** plot twist

5. **In a descriptive essay, writers often use the senses of sight, sound, smell, taste, and.....**
   a. touch **b.** introduction **c.** conclusion **d.** decision
6. **The structure of a descriptive essay can follow a logical order, such as moving from general impressions to ..... details.**
   a. random **b.** specific **c.** mystery **d.** concluding
7. **A mystery story often begins with an introduction that sets the .....**
   a. conclusion **b.** scene **c.** essay thesis **d.** evidence
8. **The middle of a mystery story usually introduces ..... that the reader must piece together.**
   a. words **b.** facts **c.** arguments **d.** clues
9. **A good mystery story builds ..... by keeping readers guessing.**
   a. suspense **b.** introduction **c.** thesis **d.** summary
10. **At the end of a mystery story, there is often a surprising ..... that explains the case.**
    a. argument **b.** setting **c.** introduction **d.** twist
11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. It's raining, we should stay inside. **b.** Its raining; we should stay inside.
    c. It's raining; we should stay inside. **d.** It's raining we should stay inside.
12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. "I can't wait to go," she said. **b.** "I can't wait to go," she said.
    c. I can't wait to go she said. **d.** I can't wait to go," she said.
13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. The meeting is scheduled for Monday, September 14, at 9:00 a.m.
    b. The meeting is scheduled for, Monday September 14 at 9:00 a.m.
    c. The meeting is scheduled for Monday September, 14 at 9:00 a.m.
    d. The meeting is scheduled, for Monday, September 14, at 9:00 a.m.
14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. I wanted to go to the park, but it started raining.
    b. I wanted to go to the park but, it started raining.
    c. I wanted to go to the park but it started, raining.
    d. I wanted, to go to the park but it started raining.
15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
    a. Having finished her housework she went for a walk.
    b. Having finished her housework, she went for a walk
    c. having finished her housework, she went for a walk
    d. Having finished her housework, she went for a walk.

2) Write on one of the following:

a) A descriptive essay about "The way your favorite teacher captivates a classroom."
b) An expository essay about "The pros and cons of online learning versus traditional schooling"

3) Write a paragraph of Six lines on the following:

a) A conclusion for an expository essay about "The benefits of a plant-based diet."
b) Write an engaging introductory paragraph for a story titled: "A Crime Investigation"

A Vocabulary

1) Choose the (Two) correct answers out of the FIVE (5) options given:

1. The teacher's story was so inspiring that students wanted to try harder. The synonym of the underlined word "inspiring" is .....
   a. motivational b. grateful c. moving d. patronizing e. isolating
2. The child was terrified when the lights suddenly went out. The synonym of the underlined word "terrified" is .....
   a. generous b. cheerful c. frightened d. frantic e. thoughtful
3. His kind words during my struggles were truly touching. The synonym of the underlined word "touching" is .....
   a. rejecting b. moving c. terrifying d. polite e. influential
4. She answered the question hesitatingly, unsure if her response was correct. The antonym of the underlined word "hesitatingly" is .....
   a. unhesitatingly b. regularly c. sadly d. slowly e. confidently
5. He always has a cheerful smile on his face. The antonym of the underlined word "cheerful" is .....
   a. gloomy b. touched c. happy d. sad e. spontaneous

2) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

6. His ..... made him thank his hosts many times.
   a. strength b. politeness c. rejection d. prose
7. People in ..... societies focus on group harmony.
   a. collectivist b. individualistic c. hospitable d. terrified
8. Good ..... helps workers improve their performance.
   a. hospitality b. daffodils c. wisdom d. feedback
9. Offering food and a warm welcome to guests shows .....
   a. cruelty b. hospitality c. tone d. prose
10. She spoke ..... without waiting or hesitating.
    a. unhesitatingly b. isolating c. grateful d. thoughtful
11. His kind words during my struggles were truly .....
    a. terrifying b. rejecting c. touching d. rude
12. A student may start as an apprentice before beginning a full .....
    a. career b. breeze c. compliment d. rejection
13. Many people spend hours ..... through social media feeds.
    a. inspiring b. scrolling c. rehearsing d. complimenting
14. A school ..... helps students with problems.
    a. counselor b. patron c. apprentice d. individualist
15. The company has a strong ..... for quality service.
    a. compliment b. rhythm c. generosity d. reputation
16. Old photographs often bring back happy .....
    a. memories b. rejection c. prose d. hospitality
17. Water will ..... smoothly down the river.
    a. flow b. escape c. discipline d. surprise

18. She felt sad after receiving a job application .....
a. gesture b. prose c. rejection d. compliment
19. The speaker's ..... of voice was calm and friendly.
a. tone b. feedback c. compliment d. environment
20. The poem had a lively ..... that made people enjoy it.
a. career b. rhythm c. reputation d. prose
21. He always has a ..... smile on his face.
a. cheerful b. terrified c. touched d. spontaneous
22. Bright yellow ..... grow in the spring.
a. gestures b. apprentices c. daffodils d. tones
23. Many people face personal ..... during difficult times.
a. gestures b. struggles c. tones d. careers
24. The writer expressed his idea in simple, clear .....
a. prose b. flow c. apprenticeship d. compliment
25. Protecting the natural ..... is important for future generations.
a. apprenticeship b. rhythm c. feedback d. environment

B Language

1) **Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:**

26. The man ..... fixed our car is very kind.
a. which b. who c. when d. where
27. The city ..... we visited last summer was beautiful.
a. when b. which c. where d. whose
28. She is the girl ..... brother plays football with me.
a. whose b. who c. which d. where
29. That's the restaurant ..... serves the best pizza.
a. when b. which c. who d. where
30. My house is ..... than yours.
a. big b. bigger c. biggest d. more big
31. Today is the ..... day of the year.
a. hot b. hotter c. hottest d. as hot
32. This exam was ..... than the last one.
a. difficult b. more difficult c. most difficult d. so difficult
33. Mount Everest is the ..... mountain in the world.
a. high b. higher c. highest d. most high
34. You're coming to the party, ... you?
a. are b. aren't c. don't d. won't
35. He speaks French, ... he?
a. does b. doesn't c. isn't d. won't
36. My new phone is ..... than the old one.
a. modern b. more modern c. most modern d. as modern
37. The hotel ..... we stayed in was very expensive.
a. where b. which c. who d. whose
38. You've met them before, ... you?
a. haven't b. have c. aren't d. didn't
39. There is some milk in the fridge, ... ?
a. is it b. isn't there c. does it d. wasn't there

40. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. The man which lives next door is a doctor.
b. The man who lives next door is a doctor.
c. The man whose lives next door is a doctor.
d. The man when lives next door is a doctor.

41. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. She is the most smart student in the class. **b.** She is the smarter student in the class.
c. She is the smartest student in the class. **d.** She is smart student in the class.

42. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. This bag is more heavier than that one. **b.** This bag is the most heavy of all.
c. This bag is much heavier than that one. **d.** This bag is heavy than that one.

43. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. You are a teacher, isn't you? **b.** You are a teacher, aren't you?
c. You are a teacher, doesn't you? **d.** You are a teacher, don't you?

44. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. That's the movie where won an Oscar. **b.** That's the movie which won an Oscar.
c. That's the movie whose won an Oscar. **d.** That's the movie who won an Oscar.

45. **Which of the following sentences is structurally correct?**
a. She can swim, can't she? **b.** She can swim, doesn't she?
c. She can swim, isn't she? **d.** She can swim, won't she?

2) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I like the car. You bought it last week. (which)
2. The hotel was expensive. We stayed there. (where)
3. The day was rainy. We got married on that day. (when)
4. The students are hard-working. They study English every day. (who)
5. The book is very interesting. I borrowed it from the library. (which)
6. This restaurant is good, but that one is better. (the best)
7. My house is smaller than yours. (the smallest)
8. This problem is difficult, but the next one is even more difficult. (the most difficult)
9. Mount Everest is higher than all the other mountains. (the highest)
10. Sarah is cleverer than all the other girls in the class. (the cleverest)
11. This exam is easier than the one we took last month. (the easiest)
12. That movie was bad, but this one is worse. (the worst)
13. We think it's a good idea to go out tonight. (suggested)
14. Nobody has attended the party, have they? (Everybody)
15. He must be joking, mustn't he? (can't)

C Translation

1) Choose the correct Arabic translation from a, b, c or d.

1. From traditional tea ceremonies in Japan to the generous feasts of Middle Eastern homes, cultural hospitality reflects a universal truth: that compassion binds us more than differences divide us.

أ من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأقصي، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية خرافة عالمية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات.

ب من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأوسط، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة عالمية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تجمعنا الاختلافات.

ج. من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأوسط، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة عالمية، وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات.

د. من مراسم الشاي التقليدية في اليابان إلي الولائم السخية في المنازل في الشرق الأقصي، تعكس الضيافة الثقافية حقيقة محلية: وهي أن التعاطف يربطنا أكثر مما تفرقنا الاختلافات

2. Through novels, poems, and plays, literature transcends time and culture, allowing us to walk in the shoes of others and understand worlds beyond our own.

أ. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والمسرحيات ، يتجاوز العلم الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بالسير في أحذية الآخرين وتجاهل العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا

ب. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والمسرحيات، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بخوض تجارب الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

ج. من خلال الروايات والقصائد والألعاب، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والمكان، مما يسمح لنا بالسير عكس اتجاه الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

د. من خلال القصص والروايات والمسرحيات، يتجاوز الأدب الزمن والثقافة، مما يسمح لنا بخوض تجارب الآخرين وفهم العوالم التي تتجاوز عالمنا.

2) Choose the correct English translation from a, b, c, or d:

٣. يعتبر الأدب بمثابة مرأة للروح الإنسانية، ويكشف عن أعمق مخاوفنا وأمالنا وتناقضاتنا من خلال قوة القصة واللغة.

a. Literature services as a mirror to the humane soul, revealing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions through the power of story and language.

b. Literature serves as a mirror to the human soul, revealing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions through the power of story and language.

c. Literature serves as a mirror to the human soul, prevailing our deepest fears, hopes, and contradictions thoroughly the power of story and language.

d. Literature serves as a mirror to the humane soul, prevailing our deeper fears, hopes, and contradictions thoroughly the power of story and language.

٤. تتجلي حفاوة الأمم وكرم ضيافتها عندما ترحب بالغرباء بأذرع مفتوحة، وتوفر لهم الأمان والكرامة والإنسانية المشتركة بغض النظر عن الحدود.

a. The kindness and hospitals of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safe, dignity, and shared human regardless of borders.

b. The generosity and hospitality of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safe, dignity, and shared human regardless of borders.

c. The kindness and hospitals of nations shine brightest where they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safety, dignity, and shared humanity regardless of borders.

d. The generosity and hospitality of nations shine brightest when they welcome strangers with open arms, offering safety, dignity, and shared humanity regardless of borders.

D Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d.

Folk stories are the oral treasures passed down through generations, preserving the values, fears, and dreams of communities long before written records existed. Found in every culture—from African tales to Slavic witch legends, from Native American animal myths to Asian trickster fables—these narratives blend magic with moral lessons. Often told by elders around fires or during festivals, folk tales use simple language, repetitive structures, and anthropomorphic animals to make complex truths accessible to children and adults alike. Characters like clever rabbits, vengeful spirits, or humble heroes reflect societal norms and warnings: greed leads to downfall, kindness is rewarded, and arrogance invites disaster. Unlike modern fiction, folk stories evolve with each telling, adapting to local dialects and contemporary concerns while retaining their core message.

They serve not just as entertainment but as cultural anchors, reinforcing identity and collective memory. In a world increasingly dominated by digital media, these stories remind us of our shared human heritage. UNESCO recognizes many folk traditions as intangible cultural heritage, urging their preservation. Even today, storytellers in rural villages and urban schools keep these tales alive, ensuring that the wisdom of ancestors continues to whisper through time. Whether it's "Anansi the Spider" teaching with over strength or "Cinderella" illustrating resilience, folk stories remain timeless teachers wrapped in enchantment.

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d.

1. **Folk stories are primarily transmitted .....**
   a. through textbooks **b.** in scientific journals
   c. via social media **d.** orally across generations
2. **The main purpose of folk tales is often to teach .....**
   a. mathematical formulas **b.** moral lessons
   c. scientific facts **d.** cooking techniques
3. **Which character type commonly appears in folk tales to represent cleverness?**
   a. Kings **b.** Robots **c.** Tricksters **d.** Astronauts
4. **Folk stories often use animals to represent human traits; a technique called .....**
   a. personification **b.** symbolism **c.** metaphor **d.** alliteration
5. **UNESCO classifies many folk traditions as ..... heritage.**
   a. natural **b.** tangible **c.** intangible **d.** technological
6. **..... makes folk stories adaptable over time.**
   a. Rigid plots **b.** Strict copyright laws
   c. Lack of audience **d.** Evolving details with each telling
7. **Folk stories help preserve a community's .....**
   a. collective memory **b.** fashion trends **c.** military history **d.** stock market data

E Writing

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. **A diary usually uses the ..... person point of view.**
   a. first **b.** second **c.** third **d.** passive
2. **A diary entry is often organized by .....**
   a. rhyme **b.** date **c.** chapters **d.** stanzas
3. **Diaries typically include the ..... feelings, thoughts, and daily events.**
   a. writer's **b.** reader's **c.** teacher's **d.** editor's
4. **Poems are often divided into sections called .....**
   a. paragraphs **b.** entries **c.** chapters **d.** stanzas
5. **The repeating pattern of sounds in a poem is called .....**
   a. rhyme **b.** tone **c.** biography **d.** prose
6. **The mood or attitude of a poem is referred to as its .....**
   a. flow **b.** tone **c.** diary **d.** date
7. **Unlike prose, poems usually pay close attention to ..... and rhythm.**
   a. grammar **b.** spelling **c.** word choice **d.** punctuation
8. **A biography is the story of a person's life written by .....**
   a. themselves **b.** another person **c.** a teacher **d.** a poet
9. **A biography usually presents events in ..... order.**
   a. random **b.** reversed **c.** alphabetical **d.** chronological

10. **Biographies often highlight a person's major ..... and struggles.**
a. hobbies **b.** achievements **c.** favorite foods **d.** diary entries

11. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
a. My brother who lives in Toronto is visiting next week.
b. My brother, who lives in Toronto, is visiting next week.
c. My brother who lives in Toronto, is visiting next week.
d. My brother, who lives in Toronto is visiting next week.

12. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
a. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas; but I forgot to buy milk.
b. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas, but I forgot to buy milk.
c. I bought apples, oranges and bananas but I forgot to buy milk.
d. I bought apples, oranges, and bananas— but I forgot to buy milk.

13. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
a. She said I'll be there in five minutes" and hung up the phone.
b. She said, "I'll be there in five minutes," and hung up the phone.
c. She said "I'll be there in five minutes," and hung up the phone.
d. She said, "I'll be there in five minutes" and hung up the phone.

14. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
a. He asked:"Where are you going?" **b.** He asked "where are you going?"
c. He asked, "Where are you going?" **d.** He asked, "where are you going?"

15. **Which of the following sentences is correctly punctuated?**
a. Although it was raining; we decided to go for a walk.
b. Although it was raining, we decided to go for a walk.
c. Although it was raining we decided to go for a walk.
d. Although it was raining— we decided to go for a walk.

2) Write about one of the following prompts:

a. A diary entry about "**A secret I've never told anyone**."
b. A short poem about "**The change of seasons**."

3) Write about one of the following:

a. A diary entry about "**The first time I traveled alone**."
b. Write a conclusion paragraph for a biography titled: "A **Famous Scientist Who Changed the World**."